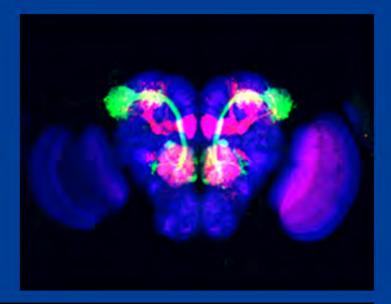
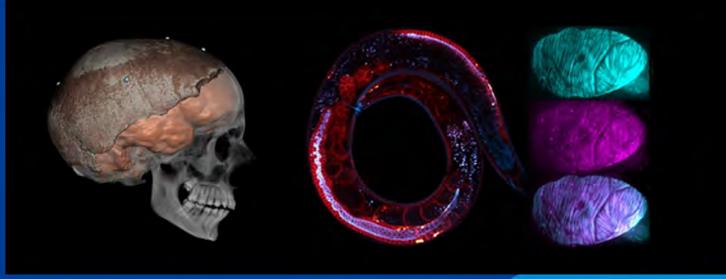
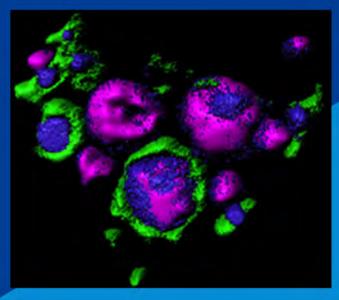


Tel Aviv University
Sackler Faculty of Medicine









Health and Medical Sciences at Tel Aviv University

Our Faculty

Basic and translational research

As the largest health and medical sciences faculty in Israel, our **research** and teaching cover the full spectrum of cuttingedge health and biomedical sciences.

Our diverse educational and training programs are delivered academic staff who are experts in their fields, offering PhD, MSc, MD, DMD, and MPH degrees sciences. in medical clinical medicine, dental medicine, communication disorders. nursing, occupational therapy, physical therapy and public health.

Our broad areas of research encompass cancer and molecular therapies, cardiovascular research and diseases, dental health and medicine, diabetes, metabolic and endocrine diseases, genomics, artificial intelligence and precision medicine, hearing, language and speech sciences and disorders, infectious disease, inflammatory and autoimmune diseases, medical education and ethics, nervous system and brain disorders, nursing, occupational and physical therapy, public health, reproduction, development and evolution, stem cells, regenerative medicine and aging.



For more information, please visit https://en-med.tau.ac.il/

Faculty of Medicine

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Prof. Khitam Muhsen

Development, Aging and Regeneration

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Prof. Ruth Ashery-Padan

Dr. Chen Luxenburg

Dr. Miriam Theilla

Prof. Ronen Zaidel-Bar.

Diabetes. Metabolic and Endocrine Diseases

Prof. Shimon Efrat

Dr. Limor Landsman

Prof. Drorit Neumann

Ethics, Biomedicine and Policy

Dr. Oren Asman

Genomics and Precision Medicine

Prof. Karen B. Avraham

Prof. Ran Elkon

Prof. Noam Shomron

Infectious and Inflammatory Diseases

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Prof. Ariel Munitz

Prof. Udi Qimron

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Dr. Yoni Haitin

Prof. Yael Henkin

Dr. Michal Itzhaki

Prof. Liat Kishon-Rabin

Dr. Tal Laviv

Prof. Tova Most

Prof. Yuval Nir

Dr. Moshe Parnas

Prof. Eran Perlson

Dr. Sigal Portnoy

Dr. Angela Ruban

Dr. Moran Rubinstein

Prof. Inna Slutsky

Dr. Ido Tavor

Public Health

Dr. Anat Amit-Aharon

Prof. Dani Cohen

Prof. Jiska Cohen-Mansfield

Dr. Yftach Gepner

Prof. Yariv Gerber

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Dr. Yael Lahav

Prof. Liat Lerner-Geva

Dr. Uri Obolski

Prof. Chava Peretz

Prof. Leah Rosen

Rehabilitation and Education Training

Dr. Michal Avrech Bar

Prof. Ruth Defrin

Dr. Jason Friedman

Prof. Debbie Rand

Prof. Navah Ratzon

Dr. Osnat Segal

Dr. Sigalit Warshawski

Dr. Yael Zaltz

Training opportunities

A view from our students

Life in Tel Aviv

Vision

We believe that bringing together the best and brightest minds - faculty, research associates, postfellows doctoral and graduate students at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine - will expedite medical breakthroughs.

Our combined Preclinical Faculty members performing research on the Tel Aviv University campus, along with our Clinical Faculty at the affiliated hospitals in the greater Tel Aviv area, are the key to our success to translate our research into effective cures and treatments.

The Faculty by numbers

- 130 Preclinical Faculty members, with labs on the Tel Aviv University Ramat Aviv campus, and 10 with labs at the affiliated hospitals
- 1000 Clinical Faculty members, with labs at the 17 affiliated hospitals in the greater Tel Aviv area
- 1,050 Graduate students performing research on campus and hospitals
- 1250 Medical, 360 Dental, 1660 Health Profession and 600 Public Health students



Prof. Ehud Grossman, MD, Dean



Prof. Karen B. Avraham, PhD, Vice Dean for **Preclinical Affairs**

Cover credits

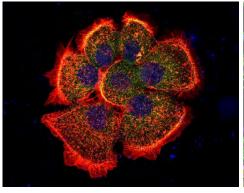
Top: Second and third order olfactory neurons in the *Drosophila* brain. Hadas Lerner Nussbaum, Moshe Parnas. Middle left: Manot 1 skull, 55,000 years ago, the mother of modern populations. Israel Hershkovitz. Middle right: Genetic engineering and fluorescence microscopy in the tnematode C. elegans allows observation of cytoskeletal protein localization and dynamics in adult physiology and embryonic development. Priti Agarwal, Kriti Sethi, Ronen Zaidel-Bar. Bottom left: Rab5-stimulated fusion that mast cell secretory granules undergo during their biogenesis. Ronit Sagi-Eisenberg. Bottom right: Recording electrical brain activity during overnight sleep with a high-density (256-channel) EEG system. Yuval Nir.

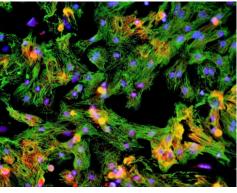
Our areas of study

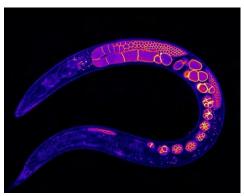
Understanding and conquering human disease remains one of the most important missions of humanity. Despite centuries of continuous progress, we still lack basic knowledge about the human body in health and disease. From genetics and biochemistry to epidemiology and public health, from virology to immunology, and from diabetes to cancer -- at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine we apply our basic curiosity of the **secrets of life** to **questions** that actually matter. We strive to improve **patient care** by bettering our **understanding of human disease**. Join us in this important and fascinating journey.

Anthropology and
Ancient DNA
Cancer and Molecular
Therapies
Cardiovascular
Research and Diseases
COVID-19 Pandemic

Development, Aging, and Regenerative Medicine Diabetes, Metabolic and Endocrine Diseases Ethics, Biomedicine and Policy Genomics and
Precision Medicine
Infectious and
Inflammatory Diseases
Nervous System and
Brain Disorders
Public Health
Rehabilitation







Credits:

Left – Primary mouse keratinocyte stained with phalloidin (red), striatin (green), and Dapi (blue). Yarden Shor, Michal Caspi, Rina Rosin-Arbesfeld. Middle - Induction of heart cell growth. OPN activates signals (yellow) that enter the heart cell (green) nuclei (blue). Itai Rotem, Jonathan Leor. Right - *C. elegans* germline expressing a membrane marker. Yusuke Hara, Ronen Zaidel-Bar.

Centers, Institutes and Hubs



Dr. Yftach Gepner at the Sylvan Adams Sports Institute

Biomed@TAU Research Hubs

https://en-biomed.tau.ac.il/



Felsenstein Medical Research Center

http://felsenstein-center.com/doc/about-fmrc

Sylvan Adams Sports Institute

https://adams-sports.tau.ac.il/

Blavatnik Center for Drug Discovery

https://bcdd.tau.ac.il/

Center for Nanoscience and **Nanotechnology**

https://nano.tau.ac.il/

Safra Center for Bioinformatics

https://safrabio.cs.tau.ac.il/







The Institute is dedicated to investigating the thousands fossil of specimens that comprise Sackler Biological the Anthropology Collection. one of the world's largest, employing state-of-the-art technologies. The Skeletal Imaging Laboratory, heart of the institute, is scholars enabling extract hidden information from fossils the on multitude aspects of past human behavior, nutrition

Affiliations

Dan David Center for Human Evolution and Biohistory Research

https://en-med.tau.ac.il/dan david center

Shmunis Family Anthropology Institute (SFAI)

https://sfai.tau.ac.il/



and health. Images are stored in а database. the **Shmunis** forming a web-Digital Library, based made resource available for scholars around the world.

The Institute is managed by Prof. Israel Hershkovitz, Dr. Hila May, Dr. Rachel Sarig, and Dr. Viviane Slon.

Neanderthal skull from Amud cave 50,000 years ago.

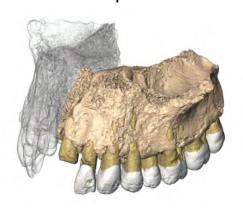
Young anthropologist in action: Emma Blatt excavating at Manot Cave (photo with permission).

Prof. Israel Hershkovitz



Paleopathology in medicine

Prof. Hershkovitz' varied research touches many aspects of past population life. By providing detailed descriptions of bone modifications for many diseases. made he paleopathology an evidence-based medical discipline. His studies showed how evolution affect current people health (demonstrating that many spinal diseases are "trade off" for bipedalism), and how important



Prof. Hershkovitz is an emeritus Professor in the Department of Anatomy and Anthropology, where he is head of the Dan David Laboratory for the Search and Study of Modern Humans. He is also Head of the Tassia and Dr. Joseph Meychan Chair for the History and Philosophy of Medicine, Head of the Dan David Center for Human Evolution and Biohistory Research, and Head of the Shmunis Family Anthropology Institute. During his career he has been engaged in numerous excavations in Israel, responsible for some of the major fossils found in the country, and was a key person in establishing and organizing the fossil collection at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine.

diseases were in shaping past population physique (being the right hand of selection). natural He introduced the time dimension into medical thinking and showed how behavior human and climate affect population health in past times. He further showed that the turning point in human population health was at the advent of agriculture, some 10,000 years ago. He documented the first modern humans migrating out of Africa (Misliya cave fossils 200,000 years ago), and retrieved the mother population of all present people outside Africa (Manot cave fossils 55,000 years ago).

Dr. Hila May



Biohistory and evolutionary medicine

make people What vulnerable to diseases? Most present-day health hazards, such as obesity, cancer. sclerosis. arthritis, have their roots thousands or even millions of years ago, when humans began to acquire their current anatomical shape. May studies recent and past human populations to achieve new insights on long lasting biological and social phenomena. This type of research allows a comprehensive understanding of human behavior. biology and illness. The research is based on a

Dr. May is head of the Biohistory and Evolutionary Medicine Laboratory at the Department of Anatomy and Anthropology. She is affiliated to the Dan David Center for Human Evolution and Biohistory Research. Dr. May graduated from Tel Aviv University in Life Sciences and Sociology and Anthropology, obtained an MSc in Evolutionary Medicine, and a PhD in Physical Anthropology at Tel Aviv University. For her postdoctoral research, she joined the Institute for Evolutionary Medicine at Zurich University, where she specialized in methods of virtual anthropology. The research in her laboratory is multidisciplinary and involves novel methodologies for the study of past populations and revealing the evolutionary causes of

modern-day diseases. Dr. May won the Memorial Award from the BSF for young scientists.

https://hilamaylab.wixsite.com/bem-lab

multidisciplinary approach for the study of humankind and genetic combines both and morphological data. morphological The research is carried out using advanced imaging techniques, as well as traditional anthropological methods. The genetic study uses cutting-edge techniques of DNA that is extracted from ancient bones.



Dr. Rachel Sarig

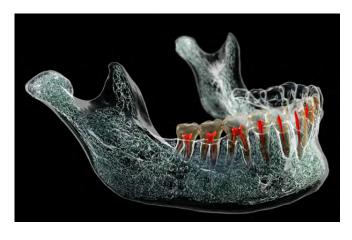


Dental anthropology

Understanding who we are and where we come from can shed a light on our future. Many of the current oral diseases and malformations have their roots in our evolutionary history. Knowing evolutionary processes that led to the current shape and size of our skull and mandible may greatly bear on our understanding of phenomena such as malocclusions. dental malformations and oral

Dr. Rachel Sarig is at the Goldschleger School of Dental Medicine, where she is a principal investigator and the head of the Dental Anthropology Laboratory. Dr. Sarig is a graduate of Tel Aviv University, having completed her D.M.D. and her Ph.D. in anatomy and anthropology, and her post-graduate studies in orthodontics (summa cum laude), all at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine. Sarig is a curator and researcher at the Dan David Center for Human Evolution and Bio-history Research and the Shmunis Family Anthropology Institute.

diseases. Sarig's main interest is in studying the evolutionary and environmental effects on oral health in prehistoric populations and their on modern implications societies. The study of the masticatory apparatus is conducted both on prehistoric and modern samples using laboratory models. micro-CT scans and clinical studies



Dr. Viviane Slon

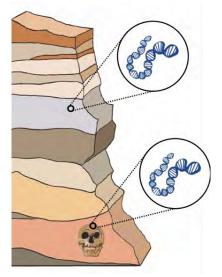


Ancient DNA

Who were the people region in living in our prehistoric times? Were related they to other populations living elsewhere in the world at the same time? Did they migrate otherwise or interact with populations neighboring living in regions? How were their societies organized? To answer such questions, analyze DNA from we ancient individuals, which recover both from we skeletal remains and from sediments deposited archaeological sites. We do so by implementing pursuing and the development of state-ofDr. Slon is at the Departments of Anatomy and Anthropology and Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry and affiliated with the Dan David Center for Human Evolution and Biohistory Research. Her PhD and post-doctoral research on ancient hominin DNA were conducted in the Department of Evolutionary Genetics of the Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology (Leipzig, Germany). She has an MSc in Medical Sciences and a BSc in Medical and Life Sciences, both from Tel Aviv University. Dr. Slon is the recipient of the Dan David Prize Scholarship for Young Researchers, the Otto Hahn Medal, the Otto Hahn Award, and the Alon Fellowship.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~viviane/

the-art methodology suited to face the challenges of DNA preservation time in warm climates. Our newly-established laboratory, which includes clean room facility dedicated to the generation of ancient DNA data, is the first of its kind Israel. The study of ancient genomes allows to elucidate not only who were the people living in the past, but also how past events affect on our own genomes today.

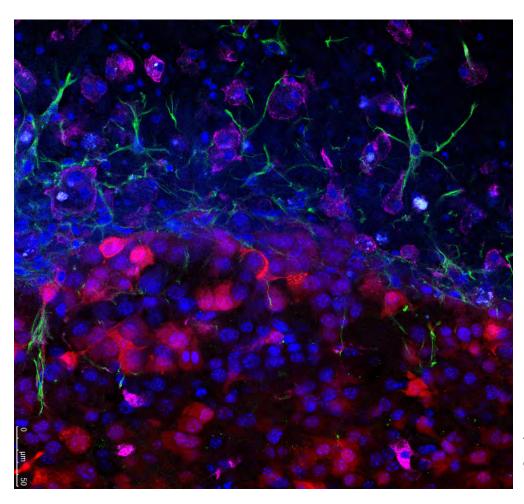


S. Peyrégne

Affilations

Cancer Biology Research Center

https://cbrc.tau.ac.il/



Melanoma brain metastases. Tumor cells, red; astrocytes, green; microglia, violet. Neta Erez.

Prof. Sivia Barnoy



Nursing genetics and information technology

Patients do not always share hereditary cancer information with their atrisk relatives. Prof. Barnov is engaged in studies that testing deal with and disclosure of cancer information to genetic blood relatives. She examines factors such as stigma and health beliefs that might influence the decision to be tested and share test results with relatives.

Prof. Barnoy, Department of Nursing, School of Health Professions, completed her nursing degree at the Hebrew University with distinction. She then obtained an M.Sc. (graduated with distinction) and Ph.D. at the Department of Human Genetics of the School of Medicine at Tel Aviv University. Barnoy served as the department chair between 2010-2014. She is active internationally in genetic nursing in the International Society for Nurses in Genetics, who in 2018 granted her the Founder Award for Excellence in Research. She was nominated as the Israeli delegate in the Global Genomic Nursing Alliance Initiative.

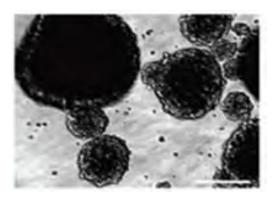
Her approach is unique as she studies this question from both the patients, the counselees. and counselors' point of view. The Israeli law states that information genetic belongs to the counselees; her however. current call results for rediscussion about the privacy genetic of information

Dr. Uri Ben-David



Cancer aneuploidy

Healthy human cells have 23 pairs of chromosomes. Any deviation from this known number aneuploidy – has verv severe consequences. For example, an extra copy of chromosome 21 results in Down syndrome. However, cancer cells are highly aneuploid, and aneuploidy is even required for tumor



Dr. Ben-David, Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry at the School of Medicine, completed his PhD at the Hebrew University and his postdoctoral training at the Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT. He was recently selected as a "Next Generation Star" of the American Association for Cancer Research (AACR). He has earned several prestigious prizes for early-career scientists, including the Dan David Scholar Award, the Kaluza Award, and the Kaye Innovation Awards.

https://www.bendavidlab.com/

progression. Dr. Ben-David studies this "aneuploidy paradox" state-of-the-art using genomic and functional approaches. The work in the lab aims to uncover the basic biology underlying this hallmark of cancer, and to exploit it to target cancer cells and eliminate tumors.

Dr. Yaron Carmi

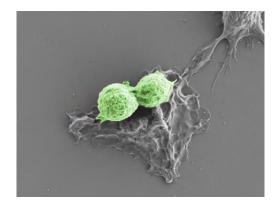


Cancer immunotherapy

immune Our body's system knows how attack and kill cancer cells why isn't this SO happening in each case? How do we unblock this natural lethal response? Dr. Carmi is taking a fresh approach to the problem advanced using microscopy and genetic engineering to monitor, in real time, how our immune communicate with each other. He will use the understanding new develop better, safer therapies that kick in the anti-cancer natural immune response.

Dr. Carmi, Department of Pathology, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, completed his PhD studies summa cum laude at Ben-Gurion University of the Negev and won the Pratt award for excellence PhD students. He completed his postdoctoral training at the Department of Immunology at Stanford University, where he earned the Young Investigator Award. His work on dendritic cell vaccination was published in Nature and Cell and he has co-authored manuscripts in peer-reviewed journals, including Science and Immunity, and written four patents. Based on his findings, he co-founded two companies, Bolt Therapeutics and more recently, Gilboa Therapeutics, and he serves as a consultant in Velocity Pharmaceutical Development venture capital, and as a board member at the Israel Society for Gene and Cell Therapy. Carmi was awarded the Alon Fellowship for outstanding young Israeli scientists.

https://www.carmilab.org/



NK cells attacking a tumor cell

Dr. Merav Cohen



Immunotherapy targets using single-cell analysis

Tissue development, homeostasis and highly pathologies are regulated processes orchestrated by intercellular crosstalk between immune cell niche and tissue resident cells, not necessarily from the immune lineage. Dr. Cohen incorporates stateof-the-art single cell RNAsequencing technologies. models. murine clinical approaches and advanced computational methods in order to reveal the molecular signature interacting cells that drives

Dr. Cohen, Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology, received her MSc in the field of Cancer Immunology from the Faculty of Engineering Sciences, Department of Biotechnology Engineering, Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, in a direct MSc track for excellent students, and graduated summa cum laude. She received her PhD in the field of 'Neuro-Immunology' from the Department of Neurobiology, the Weizmann Institute of Science. Dr. Cohen performed her postdoctoral training in the field of 'Immuno-Genomics', at the Department of Immunology at the Weizmann Institute of Science, and at the Department of Oncological Sciences, Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai, New York, in the field of 'Cancer Immunology'. She won the Feinberg Graduate School Prize for Outstanding Achievements in Postdoctoral Research, and the Ministry of Science and Technology Scholarship for Postdoctoral Fellows in Applied and Engineering Science.

https://www.mcohenlab.com/

exclusive cell function. The lab aims to assess similarities and discrepancies in molecular interactome signature between tissue development process and cancerous conditions identify order to novel immunotherapy targets, directed against intercellular crosstalk.

Prof. Neta Erez



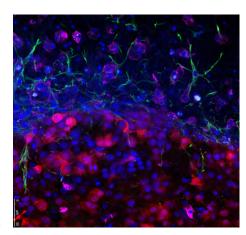
Tumor microenvironment in metastasis

The research of Prof. Erez is focused on tumor biology, tumor microenvironment, cancerrelated inflammation and the role of stromal cells in facilitating tumor progression and metastasis. Her main focus is in understanding stages the early of metastatic relapse, the role of the metastatic microenvironment. Prof. Erez studies these crucial aspects of cancer using genetically engineered

Melanoma brain metastases: Tumor cells, Astrocytes, Microglia Prof. Erez, Department of Pathology, began her academic career at the Faculty of Agriculture, Hebrew University where she received her B.Sc. She then proceeded to complete her M.Sc. and Ph.D. at the Weizmann Institute of Science in the field of tumor immunology. Supported by a fellowship from the Cancer Research Institute (CRI), Dr. Erez performed her postdoctoral research at the University of California, San Francisco, working in the field of tumor biology.

https://netaerez.tau.ac.il/

models of breast cancer and of melanoma. The main goal of the studies is to identify key molecular pathways in the communication between cells tumor and their microenvironment that can novel targeted bv be therapeutics, to prevent tumor metastasis.



Prof. Zvi Fishelson



Cancer cells resisting immunity

therapeutic Several approaches try to enlist patient's immune system for killing of his/her cancer. ΑII these approaches face a major obstacle: cancer cells are resistant to any type of damage inflicted by the armory of our immune Prof. Fishelson system. has uncovered several defense strategies employed by cancer cells to resist immune attack. His team is currently

Prof. Fishelson is a member of the Department of Cell and Developmental Biology and an Incumbent of The Roberts-Guthman Chair in Immunopharmacology. He served as President of both the International Complement Society and European Complement Network (ECN) and was awarded an ECN Gold Medal. He is treasurer of the Israeli Society for Cancer Research, Board Member of the Israel Immunological Society and member of the Henry Kunkel Society. He is an editorial board member of Molecular Immunology and associate editor of Frontiers in Immunology.

investigating the molecules that protect the cancer cells and their mode of action, and seek intervention potential points through which this protection could annulled. They develop reagents that block resistance of cancer cells, sensitize them to available immunotherapies and patient's enable the immune system to destroy its cancer.

Dr. Maayan Gal



Protein modulators for therapy

Dr. Gal focuses on the discovery and development of novel protein modulators as the basis for new therapeutics. Of main interest are the challenging targets belonging to the biological space of protein-protein (PPIs). interactions For this purpose, we are cutting-edge integrating computational, biophysical and cellular biology tools. We are focused on the interaction of calcineurin-NFAT proteins, known as the T-cell activation switch,

Dr. Gal is a faculty member in the Department of Oral Biology at the School of Dental Medicine. He completed his PhD studies at the Department of Chemical Physics at the Weizmann Institute of Science and was an HFSP postdoctoral fellow at the Harvard Medical School. He ran an independent lab at Miguel in northern Israel,. Gal co-founded a biotech company dealing with Ag. Chem protein modulators.

https://maayaangaal.wixsite.com/galma

as the basis for developing immunosuppressant new immune and on checkpoint receptors function. The T-cell is the inhibition switch basis for developing new therapeutics inflammation and cancer.

Prof. Carmit Levy



Cancer development and other side of UV exposure

The human body takes different measures in order to protect itself against the results of UV exposure and its accompanied hazards, such as skin cancer. Despite extensive regarding studies molecular regulation of the two main UV protection mechanisms, namely, the DNA repair system and the pigmentation system, a comprehensive theory that simultaneously for accounts the two systems is still missing. We aim to elucidate, for the first time, the dynamic control used to schedule and synchronize the UV protection subsystems.

Furthermore, melanoma is

Prof. Levy is in the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry. She performed her PhD at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and her post-doctoral training at the Harvard Medical School and Broad Institute. Since establishing her research team, Levy received the ERC Consolidator Award, the Rector and Dean Excellence in Teaching Awards, and the International Young Melanoma Investigator Award of the Society of Melanoma Research.

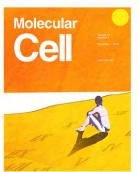
https://carmitlevylab.com/

the most lethal skin lt also cancer. is preventable cancer with the most rapid increase in its incidence. Although the majority of patients are diagnosed in the early phase of disease, about 10% of patients will develop systemic disease and succumb to it. Checkpoint inhibitors (CPIs) and targeted agents (TAs) have had a tremendous impact on this disease's course. We aim to find biomarkers for melanoma treatment response and to further dissect their mechanism of action, in order to enhance the effectiveness of

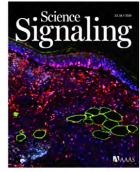
immunotherapy.



Dror et al 2016



Malcov et al 2018



Golan et al 2019



Dr. Asaf Madi



Systems immunology for cancer

Can we activate our immune system to fight What cancer? immune cells are important and what prevents them from exercising their anti-tumor functions? Can we trigger specific immune these cells to destroy cancer cells and at the same time provide an immunological to memory prevent recurrence of the disease? The main interest of the lab is studying gene circuits of immune cells differentiation. involving activation and regulation. We focus on exploring these cells and circuits mainly in the context of the tumor pathology following stimulation,

Dr. Madi, head of the Systems Immunology Lab, completed his Ph.D. studies at Tel Aviv University in computational immunology. Dr. Madi then continued to do a postdoctoral fellowship at Harvard Medical School, Brigham and Women Hospital, Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Boston, USA where he mainly focused on the study of T-cell differentiation and cancer immunology.

www.asafmadilab.com

immunotherapies or cellcell interactions. We apply cutting-edge technologies including 3D bioprinting of tumors, single cell RNAand spatial seq transcriptomics, mouse tumor models, molecular biology, and other highgenetic throughput and methods genomic combined with advanced computational approaches to identify and functionally characterize genes that play an important role in immune cell circuits and effect their on tumor growth. This approach will enable in-depth studies of immune-cell signaling in the context of the tumor microenvironment.

Dr. Michael Milyavsky



Leukemia hematopoietic stem cells

As we age, our blood (hematopoietic) stem cells (HSCs) suffer from accumulated mutations in their DNA that eventually can lead to accelerated leukemogenesis and/or inefficient immune How response. normal and leukemia stem cells regenerate after acute or chronic damage is our main research interest. Dr. Milyavsky addresses these questions by DNA studying damage signaling and its outcomes

Dr. Milyavsky is at the Department of Pathology, School of Medicine, where he is a principal investigator and the head of the Hematopoietic Stem Cell and Leukemia Laboratory. Dr. Milyavsky is a graduate of the Weizmann Institute of Science, having completed his M.Sc. and Ph.D. in molecular and cellular biology. Michael completed his post-doctoral training in hematopoiesis and leukemia at the University of Toronto, Canada.

www.milyavskylab.com

in highly purified human normal and leukemia cell subsets. Uniquely, we use humanized mice and engineering genetic to monitor in real time how normal and leukemia stem communicate cells other bone marrow cells in the of process regeneration. We will use this new understanding to regeneration stop leukemia cells without harming normal HSC?

Prof. Rina Rosin-Arbesfeld



Molecular changes in cancer

Wnt signaling is one of the fundamental most signaling cascades involved in both development and homeostasis. Aberrant activation of Wnt the pathway is associated with numerous diseases, most notably in the development of colorectal cancer (CRC). The Rosin-Arbesfeld lab focuses on different aspects of Wnt signaling in both sickness health. and The team conducts comprehensive genetic and biochemical screens to isolate novel

Prof. Rosin-Arbesfeld received her PhD in Biochemistry and Microbiology from TAU and trained as a post-doctoral fellow at the MRC-LMB in Cambridge, UK. Rosin-Arbesfeld serves as Chair of the Search Committee of the Faculty of Medicine. Rosin-Arbesfeld has competitive grant funding from the US-Israel Binational Science Foundation, the Jerome Lejeune Foundation, and the German-Israeli Foundation for Scientific Research and Development.

http://www3.tau.ac.il/rosin-arbesfeld/

regulators of the Wnt pathway in order to identify new targets for therapeutic purposes. Currently, the team involved in pre-clinical, as well as clinical trials, aimed at restoring the expression normal tumor suppressors, known to inhibit the Wnt pathway in patients suffering from hereditary CRC. The team looking into is the relationships between Wnt signaling and the microbiome and have identified bacteria that are involved **CRC** in development.

Wnts associate with the erythrocyte membrane

Prof. Ronit Satchi-Fainaro



Nanomedicine

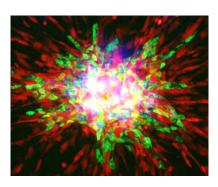
Major efforts invested into

the development of new drugs often fail to be translated into meaningful clinical benefit for cancer patients. Developing effective novel therapeutics for cancer while accurately predicting their clinical success in certain cancer types remains an urgent unmet medical need. Prof Satchi-Fainaro incorporates cutting edge multidisciplinary basic. translational and clinical approaches to explore this scientific "blind spot". To this end. Satchi-Fainaro develops clinically relevant cancer models that 3D better capture the clinical characteristics and drug

Prof. Satchi-Fainaro is at Department of Physiology and Pharmacology, where she is head of the Cancer Research & Nanomedicine Laboratory, Head of the TAU Kahn 3D BioPrinting Initiative and holds the Kurt and Herman Lion Chair in Nanosciences and Nanotechnologies. She completed her PhD in Polymer Chemistry and Cancer Nanomedicine at the University of London and her postdoctoral training at Harvard University and Children's Hospital Boston working on Vascular and Cancer Biology. She was awarded the Fulbright, Rothschild, and JULUDAN Prizes, Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Founders Award, the 2019 Youdim Family Prize for Excellence in Cancer Research, 2020 Kadar Family Award for Outstanding Research, the 2020 Humboldt Foundation Bessel Research Prize, and "Woman of the Year" by Globes magazine. She serves on the Board of Directors of Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.

https://satchifainarolab.com/

responsiveness of human cancer. These models are being exploited for the development of efficacious clinically-translatable therapies for various cancer types. Her vision is that this multidisciplinary approach will revolutionize our perception of tumor progression and consequently the way we diagnose and treat cancer.



3D glioblastoma. Cancer cells in red, endothelial cells in green, nanomedicine in blue

Prof. Yossi Shiloh



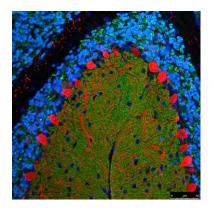
Genome instability in disease

The Shiloh lab studies the implications of aenome instability on our health. Our DNA is constantly damaged by internal and external DNA damaging agents. In response to this threat to ongoing genome, the DNA damage response (DDR) – a broad signaling network is activated. The Shiloh lab discovered a key player in this system – the protein ATM. kinase. This discovery was a result of a long quest to identify the gene responsible for a human genome instability ataxiasyndrome called telangiectasia (A-T). A-T involves cerebellar

Prof. Shiloh heads the Myers Laboratory for Cancer Genetics at the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry. He obtained his Ph.D. in Human Genetics at The Hebrew University of Jerusalem and trained at the Harvard Medical School, University of Michigan, New York University Cancer Center, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center and Rockefeller University, and was a Fogarty Fellow at the U.S. National Institutes of Health. He is a member of The Israel National Academy of Sciences and Humanities and won the 2005 EMET Prize in Life Sciences, the American Association of Cancer Research G.H.A. Clowes Memorial Award for Outstanding Accomplishments in Cancer Research, the Israel Prize in Life Sciences and the Olay Thon Prize in Natural Sciences and Medicine (Oslo, Norway). He has dedicated most of his scientific career to understanding A-T. He gives popular scientific lectures to the general public on the medical, social and ethical implications of the genome revolution.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~yossih/

degeneration and cancer stability and continues to decipher the physiological basis of the many of A-T, symptoms particularly the cerebellar attrition. Recently, the lab initiated an investigation of the role of genome instability in aging and cellular senescence.



Mouse cerebellum. Purkinje cells, which gradually disappear in A-T patients, highlighted in red.

Prof. Haim Werner



Insulin-like growth factors in cancer

Since their discovery in the late 1950s the insulinlike growth factors (IGFs) have attracted significant interest in multiple areas of biology and medicine, including endocrinology, pediatrics, growth, nutrition. aging and oncology. IGF1, which was initially identified as the mediator of growth hormone action. regarded as a key player in numerous cellular and organismal processes. signaling pathways elicited by IGF1 have been extensively characterized

Prof. Haim Werner is a member of the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry and the Incumbent of the Lady Davis Chair in Biochemistry. He is the former Director of the Shalom and Varda Yoran Institute for Human Genome Research. Prof. Werner conducted his PhD studies at the Weizmann Institute of Science and completed postdoctoral research at the Diabetes Branch, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda. He is an associate editor at Molecular Cancer and Frontiers in Cancer Endocrinology.

in biochemical and molecular terms over the past 40 years. However, fundamental questions regarding basic differences between the mechanisms of action of IGF1 and the closely related insulin molecule are yet to be resolved. Research in Prof. Werner's laboratory aimed at elucidating the transcriptional and epigenetic mechanisms associated with pathological expression of IGF1 the receptor human cancer.

Cardiovascular Research and Diseases

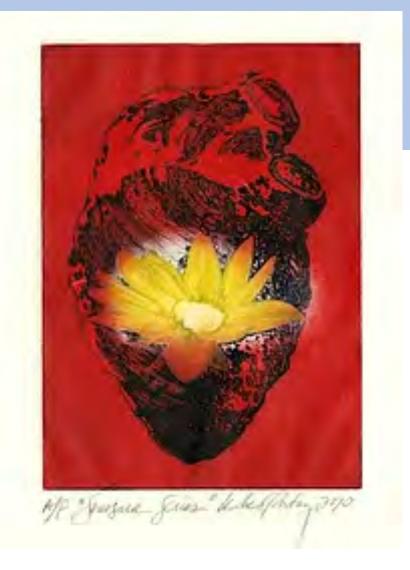
Affiliations

Neufeld Cardiac Research Institute at the Sheba Medical Center, Affiliated with the Sackler Faculty of Medicine

https://eng.sheba.co.il/The_Neufeld_Cardiac_Research_Institute

Artist statement

The bravery compassion, to love and the commonality of our experiences as human beings are key themes in my artwork. This heart series are my translations of our heroic journey. I use color, pattern, texture, and symbols to depict our universal human experiences such as birth, evolution. revelation. temporality, beauty, the sacredness of life, and experiences of suffering and joy. The image of the heart resonates for me as of symbol these journeys.



Cardiovascular Research and Diseases

Prof. Silvia Koton



Stroke epidemiology, aging and cognitive function

Stroke is a major cause of long-term disability and a predictor strong of dementia and cognitive decline adult in and populations. elderly The incidence of stroke has declined the in last decades in various countries. however, this decline is not consistent across population-groups. Koton's Prof. varied research includes studies on epidemiology of stroke and other cardiovascular diseases; age and aging; dementia. changes physical cognitive and after functioning stroke. and health of primary caregivers of the elderly.

Prof. Koton, Department of Nursing, is a Registered Nurse and holds a Master's Degree in Occupational and Environmental Health and a PhD in Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine from TAU. She was Chair of the Department of Nursing and holds adjunct associate professor appointments at John Hopkins University, Department of Epidemiology, Bloomberg School of Public Health, and School of Nursing. Prof. Koton was nominated International Fellow of the American Heart Association (FAHA), and selected as a Paul Dudley White International Scholar. She is head of the Herczeg Institute on Aging at Tel Aviv University.

Prof. Silvia Koton studies the factors associated with changes in stroke epidemiology and cardiovascular risk factors in Israel and in the US. Her provides research important information on possible reasons for these changes; how incidence of stroke may be affected by the increasing rates of obesity, diabetes and other cardiovascular risk factors, and how the changing trends in stroke may influence rates physical cognitive and function in old persons.

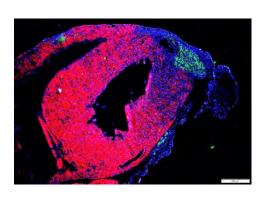
Cardiovascular Research and Diseases

Prof. Jonathan Leor



Cardiovascular regeneration

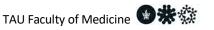
Leor's research includes the study of the heart's lack of reparative ability. His research group approached the challenge from a different angle by studying the role extracellular matrix and immune cells in heart repair. Leor pioneered the scaffolds of and use injectable biomaterials to treat heart diseases. His lab was the first to target macrophages to improve infarct healing.



Prof. Jonathan (Yoni) Leor is a Professor of Cardiology at TAU and and the Director of the Neufeld and Tamman Cardiovascular Research Institutes at TAU and the Sheba Medical Center. He is a cardiologist, physician-scientist. He obtained his MD degree from Tel-Aviv University. He completed his medicine residency and cardiology training at the Sheba Medical Center, Israel. Leor performed a postdoctorate fellowship in cardiovascular regenerative medicine at the University of Southern California. He served as the director of the Intensive Cardiac Care Unit at Soroka Medical Center and head of the Experimental Cardiology Lab at Ben-Gurion University. He is currently the director of the Neufeld and Tamman Cardiovascular Research Institutes at Tel Aviv University and Sheba Medical Center, and the director of the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP or MD/Ph.D. program).

His work has led establishing a novel line of research dedicated how understanding the system and immune extracellular matrix affect heart repair. He was the first in Israel to develop cardiovascular novel regenerative therapies, such as cardiac stem cell therapy. tissue engineering, gene and therapy. Leor is inventor of breakthrough injectable biomaterial to treat heart attacks and heart failure.

Myocardial regeneration.
Macrophages (green cells)
infiltrate the injured heart
(red) of neonatal mouse
and promote heart repair.
Tal Konfino & Leor.



COVID-19 Pandemic

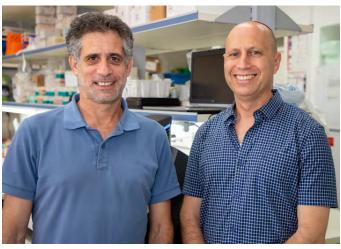
The COVID-19 pandemic has changed our lives as we know it. Our scientists at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine mobilized within days to:

- Build a "Corona Lab", to conduct thousands of tests per day
- Develop the serological tests used by the IDF
- Lead the effort in public health policy and messaging
- Isolate neutralizing antibodies against SARS Co-V-2
- And develop a nanovaccine

Affiliations

The Center for Combating Pandemics

https://english.m.tau.ac.il/news/epidemic_center



Left: Prof. Motti Gerlic & Prof. Ariel Munitz. Right: Ziv Ehrlich at the Corona Lab



Dr. Bruria Adini



Resilience in a pandemic

A vital component of an effective management of pandemic any is resilience of the population and the responders. What factors encourage impede on the compliance to behavioral directives? How do varied aspects of resilience impact on our well-being and capacity to adapt to adversities? Dr. Adini implements an eclectic approach to monitor continuously the

Dr. Adini, head of the Department of Emergency Management and Disaster Medicine in the School of Public Health, is an expert in both field and academic activities in disaster management. Adini serves as a board member of Local Authorities Confronting Disasters and Emergencies (LACDE) and the Israeli National Council for Trauma and Emergency Medicine and served two terms as a board member of the World Association of Emergency & Disaster Medicine (WADEM).

individual, community, national and organizational levels of resilience. The evolving findings facilitate policymakers' ability to sustain or modify measures to improve management of the pandemic.

Dr. Ilana Dubovi



Steyer School of Health Professions at the Faculty of Medicine. She completed her PhD in Education at the Department of Learning, Instruction and Teacher Education, University of Haifa. She completed two postdoctoral positions, at the Department of Instructional Technology and Learning Sciences at Utah State University, and at the Faculty of Education at Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Israel.

Dr. Dubovi is at the Department of Nursing, Stanley

Educational technology

Building upon a growing evidence that patient education plays a pivotal role in patient disease selfmanagement and health outcomes. Dr. **Dubovi's** research seeks to leverage the efficacy of educational programs by integrating digital educational technology. With this goal in mind, she and evaluates develops various cutting-edge technologies, such virtual reality simulations, online games, computerbased models,

interactive visualizations and more. Using intelligent multi-modal biosensors. her team was the first in the world to looking into personalized adaptive technology make to patient education process fine-tuned more to patient's needs and literacy levels. Educational technology for patients is a timely approach, verv even more so in times of COVID-19 pandemic era, to support distant patientclinician encounters telemedicine aids.

Dr. Natalia Freund



Neutralizing antibodies

Neutralizing antibodies are key component adaptive immunity against many viruses and can be elicited by natural infection vaccination. Recent or showed studies that neutralizing antibodies are after **SARS** elicited (SARS-Coronavirus 2 CoV-2) infection and are the directed against receptor binding domain (RBD) of the SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein. Dr. Freund's

Dr. Freund is at the Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology. Her research focuses on human adaptive immune response towards diseases, such as HIV-I, Tuberculosis, SARS-CoV-2 and cancer. Before coming to Tel Aviv University, she completed her postdoctoral training at the Rockefeller University in New York City, where she led groundbreaking research on anti-HIV-I neutralizing antibodies and proved their efficacy as novel HIV immunotherapeutics.

http://www3.tau.ac.il/nfreund/

goal is to characterize the neutralizing antibody responses against SARS-CoV-2 by isolating neutralizing antibodies from infected donors and determining the mechanistic basis for their action. Additionally, she is interested in how these antibodies correlate with COVID-19 clinical manifestations and disease severity. Recently, her team has isolated 22 monoclonal antibodies from COVID-19 donors. some of which were found neutralizing against live SARS-CoV-2.

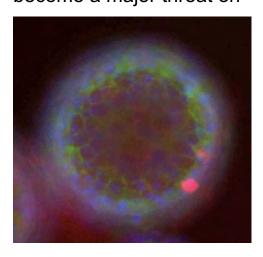
Vero E6 cells infected with SARS Coronavirus-2. Freund & Ben Croker, UC San Diego.

Dr. Oren Kobiler



Organoid models

SARS-CoV-2 is new emerging coronavirus that the COVID-19 cause pandemic. The global clinical manifestations SARS-CoV-2 among individuals vary infected asymptomatic from infection acute to failure respiratory and death. While SARS-CoV-2 share many features of the other human it coronaviruses, has become a major threat on



Dr. Kobiler is at the Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology. Kobiler obtained his BSc from the Hebrew University in Medical Sciences. He received, in parallel, his MD and PhD from the Hebrew University. As a postdoctoral fellow at the Department of Molecular Biology at Princeton University, he received a Human Frontier Science Program (HFSP) Long Term Fellowship and the ISF Bikura Postdoctoral Award. He frequently appears on the news to share a scientist's perspective on the COVID-19 pandemic.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~okobiler/Home.html

global human health. By comparing basic infection processes of the seasonal coronaviruses to the SARS-CoV-2. Kobiler anticipates to identify the unique features of this His virus. team is establishing model а for coronavirus system infection of patient-derived organoids. The airway reproducibility of the model system will allow team to test the identify the role of specific parameters of the SARS-CoV-2 infection, and to test possible drugs.

Prof. Khitam Muhsen



Sero-epidemiological studies on coronavirus

Dr. Muhsen initiated seroepidemiological studies to assess the acquisition and transmission of the new coronavirus in the population, the and development and persistence of the humoral immune response SARS-Cov-2 in COVID-19 patients and their households contacts and medical personnel. These questions are being addressed in longitudinal studies, with measurement of serum IgG antibodies against coronavirus that develop in patients and in asymptomatic persons. This includes studies in households of COVID-19

Dr. Muhsen is at the Department of Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine, School of Public Health. Trained as a nurse, she then obtained her PhD in epidemiology at Tel Aviv University, and a post-doctoral fellowship at the Center for Vaccine Development, University of Maryland School of Medicine, US. Dr. Muhsen's main research interest is in the epidemiology of infectious diseases, enteric diseases and vaccines. Her research has been supported by competitive awards and grants such as the Israel Science Foundation, Israel-US Binational Science Foundation, Ministry of Health, Israel National Institute for Health Policy and Health Services Research, and Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation.

patients and a multicenter study among medical The personnel. novel aspects of these studies include Iongitudinal the design, the inclusion of various populations and ethnic groups and and the first capturing second waves of COVID-19 epidemic in Israel. The expected results will assist shaping preventive in measures. and the assessment of their effectiveness.

Understanding the natural immunity to SARS-Cov-2 is important for vaccine development.

Development, Aging and Regeneration

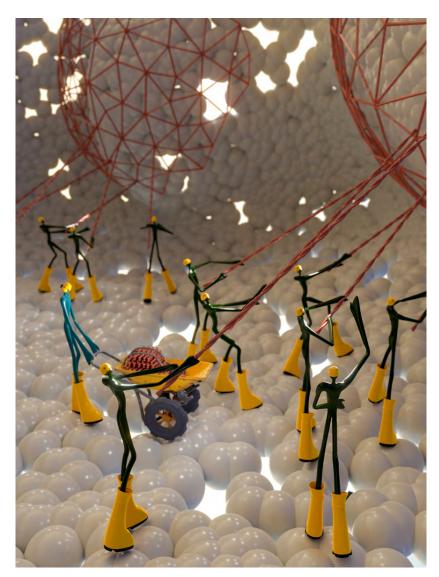
Affiliations

Switzerland Institute of Developmental Biology

https://www.swissinstitutedb.com/

Herczeg Intitute on Aging

https://herczeg.tau.ac.il/index.php/en/



Contractile activity of actomyosin A: a miniature world (cell) where toy-like workers (formins: cyan and myosin: green) are reshaping the surface of their world (cell membrane: white) by pulling metal meshes (actin filaments). Diego Pitta de Araujo.

Prof. Lihi Adler-Abramovich



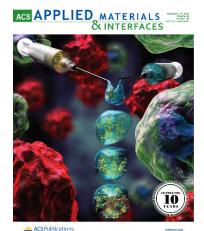
Bone regenerative medicine

Bone regeneration is a critical challenge in the treatment of fractures. bone loss due to tumor resection. and alveolar deficiencies. bone Approximately 2.2 million bone graft procedures are performed annually worldwide. Despite significant progress bone tissue engineering, there is an unmet need for patient-specific longlasting bone restoration. Adler-Abramovich's Dr. research in the Laboratory of Bioinspired Materials is focused on mimicking selfassembly processes that occur in nature, including biomineralization and the organization of short

Prof. Adler-Abramovich is at the School of Dental Medicine, where she is a principal investigator and the head of the Laboratory of Bioinspired Materials and Nanotechnology. Dr. Adler-Abramovich studied biology at Tel Aviv University where she received both her M.Sc. (summa cum laude) and her Ph.D. She has been awarded numerous prestigious grants and prizes, including the ERC Starting Grant, ISF-Center for Excellence Grant and the Colton Foundation Scholarship. She has published in Nature Nanotechnology, Nature Chemical Biology, Nature Communications, Nano Letters, ACS Nano and is the inventor of more than 10 patents.

https://lihi13.wixsite.com/lihi

peptides and amino acids into ordered nanostructures. We are a materials science laboratory with emphasis on organic chemistry and medical-biological applications. The group aims to develop customized supramolecular scaffolds that will promote personalized therapy for bone regenerative medicine, thus significantly advancing the fields of engineering tissue and materials science while offering a novel solution to a major healthcare issue.

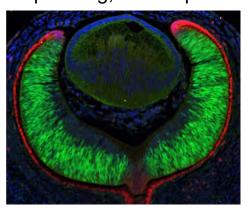


Prof. Ruth Ashery-Padan



Development of visual system in mammals

Prof. Ashery-Padan's research group focuses on understanding molecular mechanisms that control the development of the visual system in mammals. The established group employs transgenic mouse state-of-the-art lines for functional studies of genes in vivo. This is combined with gene-expression profiles using laser capture and single-cell sequencing, transcription



Prof. Ashery-Padan is at the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry, a member of the Sagol School of Neuroscience and holds the Zucker—Sussman Chair for Glaucoma Research. Ashery-Padan completed her MSc and PhD at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and her postdoctoral training at the Max Planck Institute for Biophysical Chemistry in Göttingen, Germany. She is the recipient of the Alon Fellowship (VATAT), the Dan David Prize for Young Investigators, Teva Prize, and the E. Matilda Ziegler Foundation for the Blind Award. Prof. Ashery-Padan heads the Yoran Institute for Human Genome Research.

https://asherypadanlab.com/

factor activity on target and chromatin genes, structure during development. Her group studies ocular cell types from human generated stem cells to uncover the mechanisms molecular underlying the differentiation of human lineages, and to model human diseases. The work contributing understanding the etiology and of monogenic complex retinal diseases, toward a better prediction of individuals' susceptibility and the design of stem cell-based models and therapies for future blinding diseases.

Cytoarchitecture of the mature mouse retina - subset of retinal cell types are identified by immunostaining. Shaul Raviv, Ashery-Padan.



Dr. Chen Luxenburg



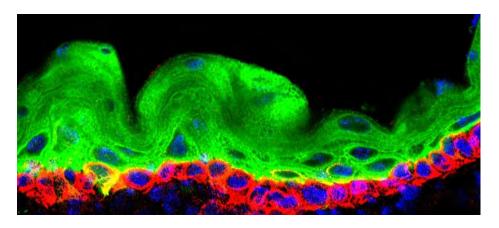
Cytoskeletal regulation of epidermal stem cells

of the One significant challenges in biomedical research is to understand how stem cells give rise to tissue functional during development, maintain it life. throughout and it regenerate upon wounding. The Luxenburg lab studies how cytoskeleton-derived signals regulate stem cells function. We use the skin epidermis as our primary

Dr. Luxenburg completed his Ph.D. studies in Molecular and Structural Cell Biology at the Weizmann Institute of Science. For his post-doctoral training, he trained at the laboratory of Prof. Elaine Fuchs at the Rockefeller University in New York. Dr. Luxenburg is the recipient of a number of research grants and awards, including the ISF, I-CoRE, BSF, ICRF, and the Teve founders prize. Dr. Luxenburg serves on the scientific board of the Israeli Society of Developmental Biology, Switzerland Institute of Developmental Biology, and the Biomed@TAU Developmental Research Hub. He is also the academic coordinator of the International Graduate program.

https://www.luxenburglab.com/

model system, and studies in the lab provide insight into both skin development and common skin diseases such as cancer and psoriasis.



Dr. Miriam Theilla



Nutritional care for patients

Malnutrition is common hospitalized among patients. Theilla's Dr. research focuses on the assessment and nutritional care of hospitalized and critically ill patients. She aims to demonstrate the importance of the nursing staff's involvement in the nutritional treatment patients, while highlighting identification prevention of malnutrition in the hospital and in the community. Theilla Dr. developed selfа assessment tool completed by the patient that detects patients who are at nutritional risk. In addition, she examines

Dr. Miriam Theilla, Department of Nursing, School of Health Professions, is a registered nurse and holds a master's degree in critical care nursing and a Ph.D. in clinical nutrition from the Faculty of Agriculture, Food and Environment of the Hebrew University. She is a member of forums on nursing and clinical nutrition. Dr. Theilla is in charge of the clinical nutrition clinic at the Rabin Medical Center.

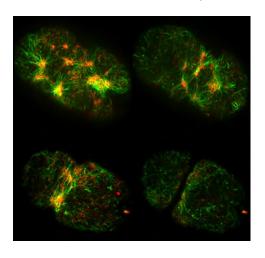
optimal nutritional care and resting energy expenditure (REE), as well as the ideal protein intake for critically ill patients and the effect of fish oilenriched nutritional support on the healing of pressure ulcers and the function of the respiratory and immune system. The subject of nutrition has a physical, emotional, and social impact on people. As part of Dr. Theilla's work at the clinical nutrition clinic, she also investigates the emotional social effects parenteral nutrition among type III intestinal failure patients.

Prof. Ronen Zaidel-Bar



Cytoskeletal regulation

developing embryo taking shape, а heart blood, and pumping wound closing itself all rely on mechanical forces to accomplish their important tasks. A special cellular machinery. the cell's skeleton, is responsible for generating these forces, but how this machinery is assembled at the right time and place in our bodies remains poorly



Prof. Zaidel-Bar, Department of Cell and Developmental Biology at the School of Medicine, completed his Ph.D. in Molecular Cell Biology at the Weizmann Institute and post-doctoral training at the University of Wisconsin - Madison. He started his independent group at the Mechanobiology Institute, National University of Singapore, where he was awarded the National Research Foundation Fellowship, and seven years later he joined Tel Aviv University. Zaidel-Bar is a world leader in the field of cell and tissue mechanobiology.

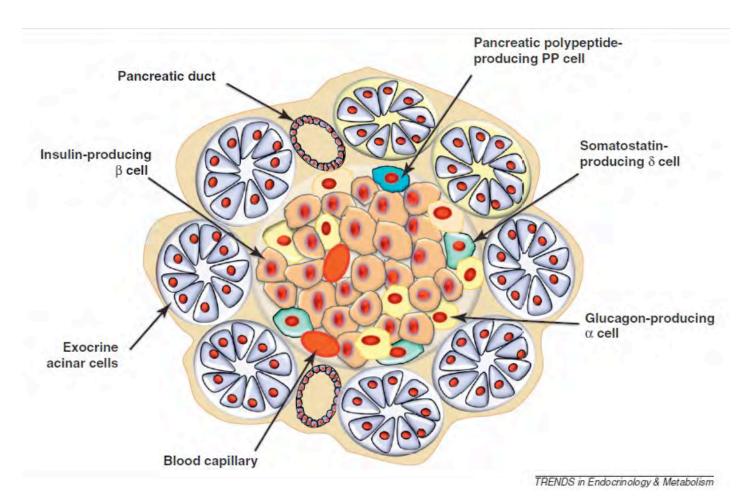
https://www.zaidelbarlab.com/

understood. Prof. Zaidel Bar's group is using cutting edge genetics and live-imaging microscopy in nematode human and models to gain a "front row seat" view of what the cytoskeleton is doing inside an animal. A better understanding cytoskeleton regulation is important to prevent birth defects and to treat numerous diseases, such as asthma, hypertension, and cancer metastasis.

Actin (green) and myosin (red) in the cortex of a *C. elegans* 1-cell embryo form a contractile belt that drives the first cell division. Wei-Yung Ding, Zaidel-Bar.

One in 20 people in the world has diabetes, a chronic disease that occurs when the pancreas is unable to make insulin, or when the body becomes insensitive to this hormone.

This year marks the centenary of the discovery of insulin, which provided a life-saving treatment. However, most patients still develop severe long-term complications. Research is on for a cure, and for disease prevention.



Insulin-producing cells in the pancreatic islets

Prof. Shimon Efrat

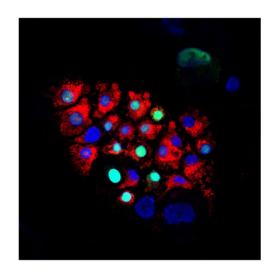


Diabetes

Diabetes, resulting loss or failure of insulinproducing pancreatic beta cells, afflicts about 400 million people. The optimal treatment, transplantation of functional cells. is severely limited by shortage of human organ donors. Prof. Efrat aims at developing an abundant source of human insulinproducing cells for betacell replacement therapy,

Prof. Efrat chairs the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry at the School of Medicine and is the Nancy Gluck Regan Chair in Juvenile Diabetes. He received his Ph.D. at the Hebrew University, followed by postdoctoral training at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. He then joined the faculty of Albert Einstein College of Medicine for a decade, where he is still a Visiting Professor, before moving to Tel Aviv University. He has seven patents, co-founded a company, and served on the scientific advisory boards of several companies.

by reprogramming human donor beta cells into pluripotent stem cells, which can be massively expanded in tissue culture, followed by differentiation.



Dr. Limor Landsman

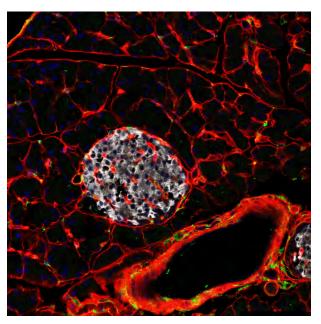


Pancreatic microenvironment

Diabetes is now reaching epidemic proportions, yet incomplete our understanding of its etiology hinders the quest for a cure. Dr. Landsman studies how proper insulin pancreatic production is maintained in health, and why it is lost in diabetes. To this end, she and her team research the crosstalk between insulinproducing cells and their surroundings, focusing on how this communication is affected by the various diabetes risk factors. Their primary goal is to decipher the underlying causes of diabetes, to facilitate a personalized approach for a cure.

Dr. Landsman is head of the Pancreas Biology Lab at Tel Aviv University. She graduated from the Hebrew University of Jerusalem with honors and obtained an M.Sc. and Ph.D. degrees in Molecular Genetics and Immunology from the Weizmann Institute of Science. For her postdoctoral studies, she joined the laboratory of Prof. Matthias Hebrok at UCSF, an expert on pancreas physiology and pathophysiology. She has obtained prestigious research grants and awards, including the European Union ERC and FET programs, the Israel Science Foundation, and the German-Israeli Foundation. She serves on the scientific board of the Switzerland Institute of Developmental Biology, the D-Cure Foundation, and the Israeli Islet Researchers Forum.

https://www.landsman-lab.com/



Pancreas: white are insulin-producing cells; green and red cells marks the vasculature.

Prof. Drorit Neumann



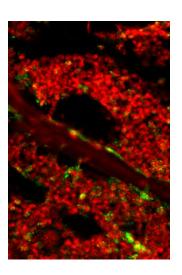
Osteoporosis

Anemia is a serious global health concern estimated to affect a third of the world's population. The introduction of erythropoietin (Epo) into clinical practice has revolutionized the treatment of this condition. although there is the risk of inadvertent effects that may be hazardous. Prof. Neumann has demonstrated that Epo is associated with a dual action of bone loss and immunomodulatory effects. Osteoporosis is the most common bone disease, affecting nearly half the population over

Prof. Neumann, Department of Cell and Developmental Biology, completed her PhD at the Weizmann Institute and was trained as a postdoctoral fellow with Prof. Lodish at MIT. She set up and coordinated the EpoCan FP7 Consortium, which assessed the long-term risks of Epo and investigated better Epoetin-driven treatment modalities. She currently serves as head of the Dr. Miriam and Sheldon G. Adelson Graduate School at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine and holds the Lily and Avraham Gildor Chair for the Investigation of Growth Factors.

https://droritneumannlab.com/

the age of 50. Neumann's team studies Epo models and mouse patients, in collaboration with bone experts and clinicians. Epo is a new player osteoimmunology, and will link the effects of the hormone to a wide range of outcomes on bone and immune cells, and suggest methods to realize the potential therapeutic Epo, maintaining immune competence as well as the erythroid stimulating-effect while attenuating the risk for bone loss.



Deshet-Unger et al. Theranostics 2020

Ethics, Biomedicine and Policy

Affiliations

Bioethics and Law Center

https://www.bioethics.center/



Ethics, Biomedicine and Policy

Dr. Oren Asman



Bioethics and Health Law

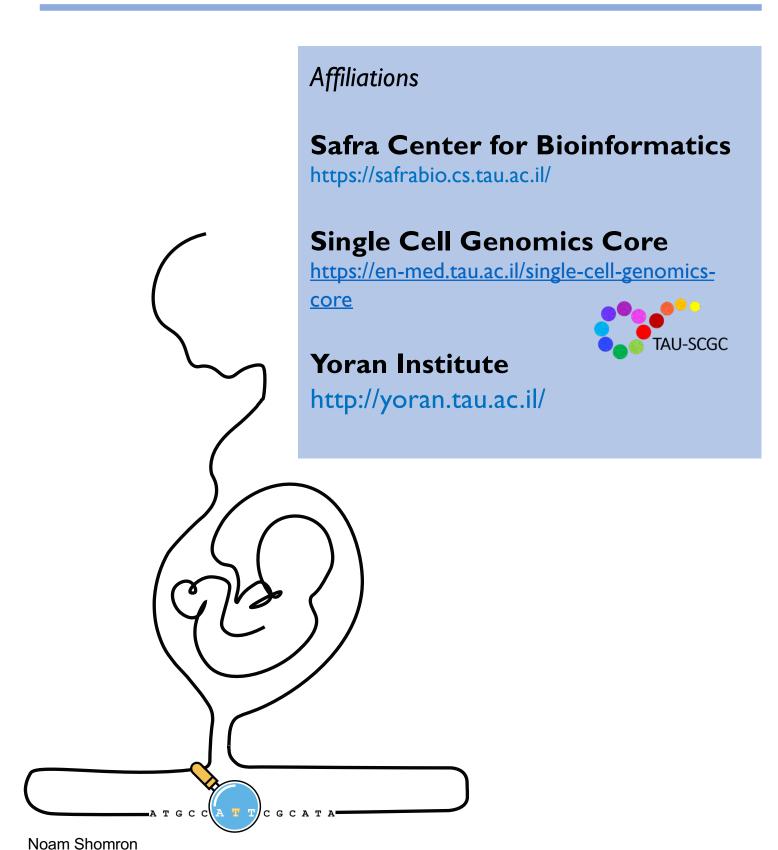
The Corona pandemic put the forth major to bioethical concerns relating to public health policy, resource allocation, medical research ethics. compliance with public promotion health recommendations, privacy and human rights in times of emergency. Dr. Asman studies these issues from a normative perspective. well as from as cognitive, behavioral one. He with partners psychiatrists, psychologists, nurses and

Dr. Asman is a member of the Department of Nursing at the School of Health Professions. He is the founder and co-director of the Bioethics and Law Center at Tel Aviv University. His doctorate at the Hebrew University focused on mental competence in Israeli law, both in Rabbinical and Shar'i courts. His role as Chair of District Psychiatric Committees inspires some of his current research projects. Following his doctorate he joined the Harvard Project on Disability led by Prof. Michael Stein and the Harvard Program in Psychiatry, Law and Ethics led by Prof. Harold Bursztajn. The Harvard Medical School Center for Bioethics has been a strong supporter of the Bioethics Center he established at TAU. His role as Co-chair of the Mental Health Forum in the Israeli Bar Association opened the door for several highly attended Law and Medicine events during the COVID-19 pandemic.

https://www.bioethics.center/

jurists in his work that connects case-based ethics with policy, and empirical evidence with normative claims.

A big portion of his research focuses on Mental Health, Law and Ethics.



Prof. Karen B. Avraham



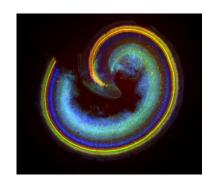
Genetics and epigenetics for human disease

Hearing loss is a leading cause of disability worldwide. with an estimated 466 million people suffering from this debilitating loss. Prof. Avraham's goal is to determine the genetic basis of hearing loss and genome editing use create models to study the mechanisms of auditory function. Gene therapy is being conducted on these models for human hearing loss. Regulatory mechanisms are being discovered at the level of non-coding RNA and methylation. The team's work has demonstrated

Prof. Avraham is Vice Dean at the Faculty of Medicine at Tel Aviv University and holds the Drs. Sarah and Felix Dumont Chair for Research of Hearing Disorders. She is a member of the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry, the Sagol School of Neuroscience and the Safra Center for Bioinformatics. Avraham was awarded the Sir Bernard Katz Prize, the Bruno Memorial Prize, the TEVA Prize for Groundbreaking Research in Rare Diseases, and the Teva Founders Prize on Breakthroughs. She is co-director of the Aufzien Family Center for the Prevention and Treatment of Parkinson's Disease and the Taube-Koret Global Collaboration in Neurodegenerative Diseases. Prof. Avraham founded and co-directs the Biomed@TAU Research Hubs, the MSc program in Medical Sciences with a specialty in Genetic Counseling.

https://www.kbalab.com/

that genomic sequencing high-throughput technologies is effective for genetic diagnoses in a diverse population, providing a guideline for medicine for precision hearing loss in Israel. GRIN2D mutations are associated with epileptic encephalopathy. Avraham and her team study the mechanism of this NMDA develop receptor and mouse models. towards drug therapy.



Organ of Corti immunolabelled hair cells. Shahar Taiber.

Prof. Ran Elkon



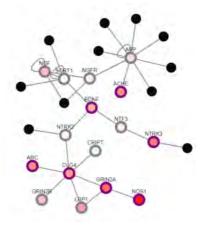
Prof. Elkon, Department of Human Genetics and Biochemistry at the School of Medicine, has his training in Physics and Bioinformatics. He is a member of the Safra Center for Bioinformatics. He completed his Ph.D. at TAU and his postdoctoral research at the Netherlands Cancer Institute.

http://www.elkonlab.tau.ac.il/

Computational tools for prevention of disease

Our genomes are 99.9% identical. The 0.1% variation determines not only the uniqueness of each one of us, but also predisposition to our common diseases such as cancer. heart diseases. diabetes, schizophrenia, and Alzheimer's Disease. Understanding how genetic variants affect the risk for developing these diseases is major challenge of current

human genetic research, Prof. and Elkon's lab applies develops and novel computational tools decipher such links. better Gaining understanding of genetic risk factors to common diseases will allow the identification of individuals who are at high risk before the onset of the disease subject them preventive regimens.



Prof. Noam Shomron



Genomics and human diseases

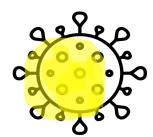
Our body is built from billions of cells. How each cell and organ interpret DNA is still a great puzzle. Understanding the molecular interactions within our cells, in health and disease, would greatly improve our ability diagnose and treat complex human diseases, such as cancer and neurological disorders. Prof. Shomron and his team scan thousands of genes in order to pinpoint the ones that play a major role in tumor development and metastasis. His team has shown that

Prof. Shomron heads the Functional Genomic Team at the Faculty of Medicine, after training at MIT. He leads a multidisciplinary team of scientists that develops computational methods for parsing big-data in the bio-medical field using Artificial Intelligence. Shomron is Editor of the 'Deep Sequencing Data Analysis' book; Director of 'Rare-Genomics' Israel (NPO); Academic Director of 'ScienceAbroad' (NPO); and, Co-founder and Chief Scientific Officer (CSO) of Variantyx, which provides clinical interpretation of whole genome sequences.

http://www.tau.ac.il/~nshomron

by injecting nanoparticles with small molecules into the tumor the spread within the body is halted. In another study, using a simple blood test combined with artificial intelligence, the team has circulating that shown DNA and RNA molecules in the blood can indicate early development neurological diseases. their stage. and the spectrum of the disease. This information could be used to devise a novel therapeutic approach.





Infectious diseases are among the top 5 global causes of death (WHO)

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) threatens the effective prevention and treatment of an everincreasing range of infections caused by bacteria, parasites, viruses and fungi (WHO)



Chronic inflammatory diseases — including stroke, heart disorders, cancer, and diabetes — are the most significant cause of death worldwide (WHO)

Prof. Fuad A. Iraqi



Prof. Iraqi, at the Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology, completed his PhD at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem and three postdoctoral positions at University of Toronto, University of Michigan and the International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI).

Genetic basis of host response to diseases

People response differently infection to (viral, bacterial, fungal and parasite) chronic and diseases (obesity. diabetes. heart cancer, diseases). Based on our and others studies, this variation in response are controlled by the individual structure. genetic (host) Prof. Iraqi has studied, mapped and identified the host genetic components

that control and define the individual response variety of infectious and chronic diseases. including bacterial, fungal, parasite, obesity, viral, 2 diabetes. type periodontitis, lung cancer, intestinal and cancer. Currently, he also focuses on studying the host that genes control the variation in response to COVID-19.

Prof. Ariel Munitz



Immunity in health and disease

Type 2 immunity occurs during allergic diseases or infection with parasites. Emerging data highlight new roles for Type responses in immune tissue metabolism. regeneration and cancer. We aim to define the roles of cells and proteins that "traditionally" are associated with allergy in additional chronic inflammatory diseases and the tumor microenvironment. Our main research aim is to define how eosinophils, white blood cells, operate in settings of allergy and cancer. How and when do eosinophils recognize tumor cells? Do resident and recruited eosinophils

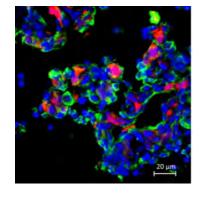
Prof. Munitz is at the Department of Microbioloy and Immunology at the School of Medicine. He obtained a B.Sc. in Medical Science and direct PhD in Pharmacology at Faculty of Medicine at Hebrew University. His post-doctoral training was at the Division of Allergy and Immunology at Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center, Ohio. Munitz was awarded the Alon Fellowship, the Teva Medicine Award for Outstanding Research, the Eva and George Klein Award by the Israel Science Foundation, the Tel Aviv University Rector Award for Outstanding Teaching Achievements and the Dean Prize for Excellent Teaching Skills. He is a board member of the International Eosinophil Society.

www.munitzlab.com

act differently in the tumor microenvironment? Are the opposing activities of eosinophils dictated heterogeneity of these in cells distinct microenvironments? Finally, can eosinophils be therapeutically targeted as a new cellular target in the cancer? Answering these questions will introduce a conceptual shift from allergy to tumor biology providing crossdisciplinary understandings of the tumor microenvironment

that can be translated into

novel immunotherapy.



Prof. Udi Qimron

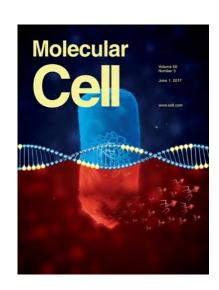


CRISPR-Cas for bacterial resistance

Bacterial resistance to antibiotics is among the top three major health threats according to the World Health Organization. Rather than producing more antibiotics, which may worsen the problem, we taken have а unique approach, in which we reverse bacterial antibiotics. resistance to Our approach uses the genetic engineering tool, CRISPR-Cas, to eliminate genes from resistance bacteria, and at the same time to enable growth of antibiotic-sensitive bacteria.

Prof. Qimron is Chair of the Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology. He has authored over 50 scientific articles, some in prestigious journals such as *Nature*, *Science*, and *Cell*. He won the prestigious ERC grant twice. He is also the CTO of a company established based on his inventions, Trobix-Bio.

https://flaxadam.wixsite.com/gimronlab



Prof. Ronit Sagi-Eisenberg



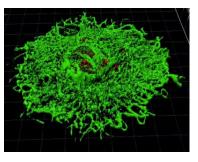
Allergic diseases

Allergic diseases have reached epidemic proportions affecting more than 30% of the world population. Yet. allergy treatment is still by largely symptomatic, the reason being the multiple diverse stimuli that trigger mast cells, the central allergic players in diseases, and the wide spectrum of inflammatory mediators that released by triggered mast The latter cells. might cause allergic symptoms mast cells when are triggered by an allergen, but might also cause neurogenic or chronic inflammation, when mast activated cells are by neurotransmitters or neighbouring cells, as is

Dr. Sagi-Eisenberg is Head of the Department of Cell and Developmental Biology. She completed her PhD at Tel Aviv University and trained at the Weizmann Institute of Science and at the National Institutes of Health in the US.

https://rselab.wixsite.com/mysite

the case of neurodegenerative diseases. autoimmune diseases and cancer. Therefore. the best treatment for mast cell dependent disorders would be blocking mediator release from triggered mast cells. To this goal. the Sagi-Eisenberg lab combines functional genomics analyses with hiah resolution microscopy to delineate the secretory response and identify the protein networks that this control process. Central proteins are marked as targets for the development of novel therapeutic means aimed at targeting the pathological of activity mast cells during disease.



Dr. Dor Salomon



Antibacterial treatment

World The Health Organization predicts that 2050. multidrugbv resistant pathogens become the leading cause of death worldwide. prevent this catastrophe, the development of novel antibacterial treatments is necessary. Dr. Salomon is employing multidisciplinary approaches to study mechanisms and

Dr. Salomon is at the Department of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology. He completed his PhD (Dean's direct track) at Tel Aviv University, followed by a Postdoctoral fellowship at the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center. Dr. Salomon was awarded the NIH Pathway to Independence Award (K99/R00) and was also awarded the Alon Fellowship for young investigators and the prestigious European Research Council (ERC) starting grant. During the period of COVID-19 quarantine, he organized a virtual international conference with over 400 participants, named T6SympoZOOM.

https://www.dorsalomonlab.com/

toxins that are used by bacteria to neutralize their bacterial competitors. By adapting and customengineering these natural antibacterial mechanisms, Dr. Salomon is developing next-generation antibacterial treatments and prophylactics.

Affiliations

Sagol School of Neuroscience

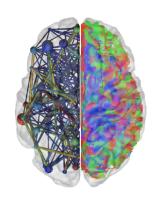
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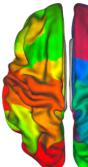
Aufzien Family Center for the Prevention and Treatment of Parkinson's Disease

https://en-med.tau.ac.il/Aufzien_Center_TAU

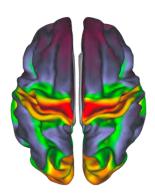
Goldschleger Eye Research Institute

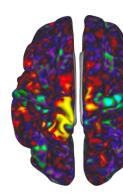
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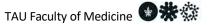








From left to right: Structural brain connectivity, extracted from diffusion MRI scans; Parcellation of the human cortex, based on functional connectivity; Myelin map (calculated from T1w/T2w MRI scans); Brain activation map extracted from functional MRI, while moving the right foot. Ido Tavor.



Dr. Avraham Ashkenazi



Autophagy in Huntington and Parkinson's disease

Dr. Ashkenazi's long-term scientific goal is to identify mechanisms that contribute to neuronal survival. To achieve this his laboratory goal, combines stem cell technology, primary neurons, animal models, biochemical and and cellular approaches. Ashkenazi's pioneering work on autophagy (selfeating) revealed how this cell survival pathway breaks down protein clumps (aggregates), and reduces toxicity in models of triplet repeat expansion diseases. such as Huntington's and Parkinson's disease. He

Dr. Ashkenazi, from the Department of Cell and Developmental Biology at the School of Medicine, completed his PhD at the Weizmann Institute of Science and his postdoctoral training at Cambridge University. He was awarded the Young Investigator Award by the European Biochemical Society and the Azrieli Fellowship for excellent new faculty in Israel. He is part of the Taube-Koret Global Collaboration in Neurodegenerative Diseases.

https://www.ashkenazilab.com/

was the first to describe a biological function of triplet repeats encoding polyglutamine stretches in regulating autophagy health and in Huntington's disease. Dr. Ashkenazi's research opens several venues new റf understanding protein degradation pathways and biology neurodegenerative diseases. Moreover. research has the potential to reveal new druggable targets that can be utilized to control a range of disorders neurological caused by aggregateprone proteins.

Prof. Bernard Attali



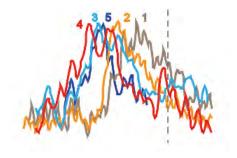
Prof. Attali, in the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology, was educated in France, and received a B.Sc/M.Sc. in Chemistry and Pharm.D. from Paul Sabatier University (Toulouse). He obtained his Ph.D. in Neurobiology from the Weizmann Institute of Science and performed his post-doctoral training at the National Centre for Scientific Research (CNRS) in France.

https://attalilab.com/

Channels in disease

Prof. Attali focuses potassium channels since they play crucial roles in many cellular functions such as shaping cardiac and neuronal action potentials, tuning neuronal patterns, firing synaptic integration or modulating neurotransmitter release. powerful Using the combination of molecular biophysics, biology, biochemistry and electrophysiology, his team's research aims at elucidating the structural, biophysical physiological attributes of

potassium channels human brain and heart. His laboratory is worldwide leader in studying Kv7 potassium channels, whose mutations lead to major neurological and cardiovascular disorders such as epilepsy, myokymia, atrial ventricular fibrillation. Notably, he showed that SK4 Ca²⁺-activated channels are involved in cardiac pacemaker the activity and represent new targets for cardiac arrhythmias.



Dr. Tami Bar-Shalita



at the School of Health Professions, completed her PhD at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and her postdoctoral training at the University of Southern California. She is actively translating the knowledge evolved in her lab to the clinical field.

Dr. Bar-Shalita, Department of Occupational Therapy

Sensory modulation dysfunction

We all share the same physical environments, yet for some of us severely attenuate our efficient function and wellbeing. This condition is termed sensory modulation dysfunction (SMD), characterizing about 10% of the general population. Dr. Bar-Shalita is the first to apply a unique approach by the coupling of sensory and

domains pain using neurophysiology and psychophysical methods. Through this approach, Dr. Bar-Shalita found that SMD is linked to disorders such as substance use disorder and chronic pain, which further served developing novel mechanism-based therapeutic modalities. currently under testing.

Prof. Orit Bart



Autism spectrum disorder

Children with autism experience stress diverse life situations. The most common stressprovoking situations are engagement in social interaction and exposure to tactile stimuli. Dr. Bart aims to brain assess engagement during different play settings (solitary play vs. dyadic play) and during exposure to different tactile stimuli (direct – physiology indirect -cognitive) in children with autism. This

Dr. Bart is a faculty member at the Department of Occupational Therapy in the School of Health Professions. She holds a Ph.D. in health professions and performed her post-doctoral training at Haifa University. She is Chair of the Department of Occupational Therapy. Bart is a member of the International Advisory Council for Children with Developmental Coordination Disorder (DCD) and of the Israeli Association of Occupational Therapy and the American Occupational Therapy Association.

is a step towards a better understanding of the physiological and cognitive-emotional underlying mechanism atypical sensory responsiveness and social interaction. To overcome the challenge of assessing children with voung autism, Dr. Bart uses an electro-physiological marker for sustained attention. the Brain engagement index, which is an easy-to-use, reliable, and valid tool.

Prof. Hagit Eldar-Finkelman



GSK-3 and neurodegeneration

The research in Prof. Eldar-Finkelman's laboratory is focused on the development of new innovative therapeutics addressing unmet needs in the neurodegenerative disorders arena. particular interest is given protein kinase. glycogen synthase kinase-3 (GSK-3), as a prominent drug target for treating neurodegeneration. They combine expertise biology, chemistry, and computational modeling to

Prof. Eldar-Finkelman obtained her BSc in Chemistry from the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, and her MSc in Physical Chemistry and PhD in Life Sciences at the Weizmann Institute. Her postdoctoral work was conducted with the Nobel Prize Laureate Edwin G. Krebs at the University of Washington in Seattle. She then became an Assistant Professor at the Harvard Medical School in the Division of Women's Health and then joined TAU. Eldar-Finkelman was a visiting scientist at MBL Woods Hole, Cape Code; EMBL-EBI Hinxton, UK; Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia; and at Rockefeller University, NYC. Her academic activity includes, representing the university in the Inter-University Forum for Medical Sciences, in the National Council for Experiments in Animals Subjects, and in the State Control Committee in the Knesset, Chair of the Faculty committee for PhD studies and of the University Committee for Animal Care and Ethics. She is part of the Taube-Koret Global Collaboration in Neurodegenerative Diseases.

https://heflab.com/

design drugs with unique inhibition modality. The team's goal is to ultimately produce beneficial therapeutics for clinical practice.

Prof. Illana Gozes



Therapeutics for autism and beyond

Prof. Gozes discovered studies Activityand dependent neuroprotective protein (ADNP), recognized as a leading gene accounting for 0.17% of autism spectrum disorder (ASD) cases The globally. Gozes laboratory focuses on genome editing, to test and develop therapeutics the **ADNP** such as enhancing fragment NAP and (CP201) pipeline products, for effects on autism and other ASDpredicaments. related Prof. Gozes further discovered convergence autism. among schizophrenia, stressrelated ailments and

Prof. Gozes (Emerita) is Head of the Dr. Diana and Zelman Elton (Elbaum) Laboratory for Molecular Neuroendocrinology, and at the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, the Adams Super Center for Brain Studies and Sagol School of Neuroscience. She is Chief Scientific Officer at Coronis Neurosciences, with her BSc, from Tel Aviv University, Direct PhD, from Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel, postdoc at MIT and Salk Institute, and was a Senior Scientist/Associate Professor at the Weizmann Institute and Fogarty-Scholar-in-Residence at the NIH. USA. Prof. Gozes has won many awards of excellence, including Tel Aviv University's Vice President Award, Olson Prize, Julodan Prize, Teva Prize, Neufeld Award, Hanse-Wissenschaftskolleg (HWK) Fellowship, Humboldt Award, the Landau Prize for Life Achievements and the RARE Champion of Hope Award. She currently serves as Secretary of the European Society for Neurochemistry, is a member of the Israeli Ministry of Education, Council of Higher Education and is the Editor-in-Chief of the Journal of Molecular Neuroscience.

https://www.adnpkids.com/illana-gozes.html

Alzheimer's disease with ADNP playing a role in all these diseases. of such. the Gozes laboratory strives to pave the way to novel diagnostics and treatments toward healthy development, maturation and aging of the brain.

Dr. Yoni Haitin



Ion channels in disease

Proteins molecular are machines essential for all cellular activities. When they malfunction due to genetic mutations environmental effects, they also underlie and facilitate many human diseases. As the roles of these crucial cellular building blocks are tightly related their to atomic structures. deciphering diseaserelated mechanisms requires scrutinizing proteins' utmost fundamental molecular properties. Dr. Haitin focuses on studying ion channels and prenyltransferases, two

Dr. Haitin completed his Ph.D. studies at Tel Aviv University and his postdoctoral training at the University of Washington, where he was awarded the Human Frontier Organization Long Term Postdoctoral Fellowship. Haitin has established a structural-physiology research program at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology at the School of Medicine. Dr. Haitin serves as the secretary of the Israeli Society for Physiology and Pharmacology and is on the editorial board of *PLoS One*. He heads the Joint Undergraduate Program with the Faculty of Life Sciences.

https://haitinlab.com/

types of radically different families. enzyme utilizina cutting-edge biochemical and biophysical approaches, delineate they structural mechanisms functional underlying regulation of these key protein families. Moreover, given the emerging pivotal roles these proteins play in numerous diseases, they high-throughput use screens to identify novel modulators. which may prove beneficial for future development of targeted therapeutic strategies.



Prof. Yael Henkin



Auditory neuroscience and hearing rehabilitation

What are the neurophysiological underpinnings of auditory processing in the normal auditory and impaired system? how are they affected by increasing age, monaural binaural VS. listening. and bv rehabilitation with cochlear implants and hearing aids? Prof. Henkin utilizes a complementary auditory neuroscience approach in search of neurophysiological biomarkers and behavioral indices of auditory processing in normal hearing listeners, hearingimpaired listeners with bilateral/unilateral hearing loss habilitated by

Prof. Henkin, from the Department of Communication Disorders at the School of Health Professions, completed her PhD and post-doctoral studies at TAU and at the University of Michigan, respectively, focusing on auditory processing in cochlear implant recipients, using auditory cortical neurophysiology. Prof. Henkin is Head of the Hearing, Speech, and Language Center and Communication Disorders Services, and co-director of the cochlear implant program at the Sheba Medical Center. She manages a diverse spectrum of diagnostic and therapeutic activities in the field of communication disorders including audiology, hearing rehabilitation, speech, language, communication disabilities, and swallowing disorders. She was awarded the DFG German-Israeli grant in collaboration with scientists from the University of Hannover. Prof. Henkin consults the Israeli Ministry of Health on various topics in the fields of communication disorders and hearing healthcare.

cochlear implants and hearing aids. and in children with autism. selective mutism, and auditory processing (APD). disorders Her clinical experience in audiology and hearing rehabilitation have set the around for clinical research aimed at transforming research findings into diagnostic rehabilitative and approaches.

Dr. Michal Itzhaki



Emotion management

Feeling rules are unwritten social rules that dictate the strength of emotions appropriate for different situations. ln case of incompatibility between experienced and socially expected emotions. emotional management is required to overcome the dissonance. Dr. Itzhaki explores the feelings experienced by healthcare workers and patients and their coping strategies with differences between expected versus experienced emotions in life-threatening situations

Dr. Itzhaki, Department of Nursing, School of Health Professions, serves as the Chair of the Department. She is the first registered nurse in Israel to have completed a direct PhD track, which she obtained at the Department of Nursing Department at Tel Aviv University. She completed her post-doctoral training at the Department of Sociology & Anthropology at Bar-Ilan University. She collaborates with nursing theorists in academic institutions worldwide exploring caring in multicultural societies.

(emergency and disaster) complex and in care situations. Investigation of the emotion management experienced by nurses includes attention to caring and emotional resilience. Her research forms the developing basis for intervention programs efficient aimed at emotional labor, which includes raising the caregiver/patient's sense of resilience and emotional support. She uses a mixed methods design that combines qualitative and quantitative methods.

Prof. Liat Kishon-Rabin



Speech processing and brain plasticity in cochlear implant users

Prof. Kishon-Rabin investigates the effect of sensory, cognitive linquistics processes that involved in speech perception in optimal and degraded listenina conditions in normal and pathological hearing. The different factors that influence performance assist in understanding the variability wide performance of implanted cochlear implant users, as developing well as in habilitation protocols that are tailored to the hearingimpaired individual. Prof. Kishon-Rabin was one of the first to study functional hearing in infants with cochlear implants, for

Prof. Kishon-Rabin is at the Department of Communication Disorders, School of Health Professions and is the Dean of Innovation in Teaching & Learning at Tel Aviv University. She completed her PhD in psychoacoustics from the Speech & Hearing Sciences Department at the Graduate Center, City University of New York. She was the first Israeli to be awarded with the Graham Fraser Memorial Lecture by the British Cochlear Implant Group. She is an associate editor for the International Journal of Audiology. She is vice president of the European Federations of Auditory Societies (EFAS) and will serve as president from 2021-2023. In continuation to her research, which supports intervention during the early years of the developing brain, Prof. Kishon-Rabin initiated a series of social startups in infant day-cares and pre-school bringing evidence-based practice of language acquisition programs to practitioners, caretakers and parents either directly or via novel online programs.

which she received worldwide recognition. She investigates the influence of auditory stimulation and experience factors dependent that drive cortical development infants using video analysis and brain-imaging techniques. Her team are pioneers in implicit via learning processes auditory modality usina fNIRS measurements, for the first time for cochlear implants in Israel.

Dr. Tal Laviv



Cognitive decline and neurodegeneration

The brain has an amazing change capacity to throughout life. our process essential for our most basic functions: experiencing the world through our senses. learning a new task or remembering past events. This involves highly synchronized changes in electrical activity of cells within the brain, much like individual orchestra tools playing together to achieve harmony. Inside cells, complex array proteins provide molecular instructions for this process. We develop biosensors, sensitive

Dr. Laviv is at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology and the Sagol School of Neuroscience. His PhD in neurobiology was conducted in the Interdisciplinary Doctoral Program in Neurosciences at Tel Aviv University. His postdoctoral research was conducted at the Max Planck Florida Institute for Neuroscience (Jupiter, Florida). He received a BSc in the Joint Program in Life and Medical Sciences at Tel Aviv University. Dr. Laviv received two international postdoctoral fellowships, from the European Molecular Biology Organization (EMBO) and the Human Frontiers Science Program (HFPS).

biological devices and specialized microcopy to visualize them in the brain. Our main goal is to explore the protein living in the landscape brain, during processing of information from the environment. This approach, first of its kind in Israel. will allow us understand better the inner workings the of healthy brain, and identify critical failure points leading detrimental to conditions such as cognitive decline and neurodegeneration.

Prof. Tova Most



Rehabilitation and education of hard of hearing and deaf individuals

Prof Most' research activities focus the on effect of hearing loss and the use of various sensory aids (hearing aids. cochlear implants) on the perception and production of spoken language. The research relates to individuals from in a wide range of ages and various degrees of hearing loss from unilateral and mild hearing loss to profound deafness. Prof. Most also studies the ramifications of hearing communication deficiency

Prof. Most is at the Department of Communication Disorders, Steyer School of Health Professions, Faculty of Medicine and the Department of Counselling and Special Education, Jaime and Joan Constantiner School of Education. Prof. Most research focuses on the rehabilitation and education of deaf and hard of hearing individuals. Her research work has been published in leading international scientific journals including 95 research manuscripts, 15 book chapters and a book in the area of education and rehabilitation of deaf and hard of hearing children and adults.

the individual's on academic. social and emotional functioning. She examines their functioning in the various life environments of education. family, community and occupation, focusing on the individuals with hearing loss as well as friends, their parents, teachers and employers. She provides a holistic approach and broad indepth understanding of the ramifications of the hearing loss on the individual's functioning.

Prof. Yuval Nir



Sleep

Sleep universal is а behavior that is present the animal across kingdom. We spend a third of our lives sleeping, but still do not fully understand what it is for. Prof. Nir is studving the relation between sleep and cognition using a unique combination of animal and human research: what it is about sleep that keeps us 'disconnected' from the external environment? How does sleep promote learning and memory? Can we harness sleep to neuropsychiatric improve diagnosis and counteract neurodegeneration?

Prof. Nir is at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology. He ompleted his PhD at the Weizmann Institute of Science and his postdoctoral training at center for sleep and consciousness, University of Wisconsin-Madison. He has won several awards, including the Adelis Neuroscience Prize.

https://yuvalnirlab.com/



Dr. Moshe Parnas



Neural circuits encode learning and memory

The Parnas lab uses the fruit fly to study how neural circuits encodes information and support behavior, learning and Using memory. а multidisciplinary approach, we modulate the activity of single proteins and neural circuits behaving in animals and examine the consequences such manipulations have on flies' perception, decisions and behavior. In particular we are interested in a novel phenomena in which G-protein coupled

Dr. Parnas, at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology and Sagol Schol of Neuroscience, completed his PhD studies at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. He conducted his postdoctoral training at the University of Oxford, where he was awarded the European Molecular Biology Organization and the Edmond & Lily Safra Center for Brain Sciences Long Term Postdoctoral Fellowships. He is a board member of the Israeli Society for Neuroscience, a Review Editor for *Frontiers in Behavioural Neuroscience* and a recipient of the ERC Starting Award.

http://parnaslab.com/

receptors (GPCRs) change their activity when neurons change their electrical activity. Whether, these changes in GPCR activity have physiological importance is unknown. 35% Approximately of approved drugs target GPCRs. Thus, unraveling the physiological roles of this novel phenomena may lay the foundation to an entire new approach of drugs development.

Prof. Eran Perlson



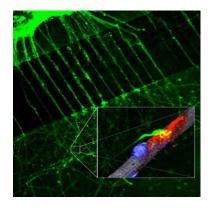
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) is a lethal adult-onset motor neuron disease. pathologically characterized by neuronal death and degeneration. No effective treatment for exists ALS. Prof. Perlson is taking a fresh approach to this challenge advanced using microscopy, genetic engineering and a novel NMJ-on-a-Chip platform that mimics the human unit. This motor novel platform was developed first in the world by Prof. Perlson's team. enables growth of patients' neurons and muscle on a silicon chip.

Prof. Perlson, at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology and Sagol School of Neuroscience, is a leader in the research of nerve degeneration and regeneration. He completed a Ph.D. at the Weizmann Institute of Science in molecular and cellular neurobiology. As a Postdoctoral Research Fellow at University of Pennsylvania Medical School, he focused on understanding the mechanisms underlying axon degeneration in ALS. His scientific work has earned him a large number of distinguished grants, awards and honors, and he is the author of numerous publications in high profile journals and invited speaker to leading international meetings.

http://www3.tau.ac.il/medicine/perlson/

unique This platform opens new possibilities for experimental analyses of neuron degeneration and regeneration process, and provides а tool personalized medicine. The team's main goal is to elucidate the critical events leading to neuron damage that can targeted and prevented. preventing By nerve degeneration and activating its regeneration, they will be able to find effective treatment to neurodegenerative disease such as ALS or spinal cord injuries.



Dr. Sigal Portnoy



Technology for rehabilitation

The promise of new and exciting technologies enhance the world motor and cognitive rehabilitation, relies on its integration in the clinics. One of the main goals of Dr. Portnoy is to create and distribute accessible and innovative tools that will promote the use of technologies in rehabilitation. Among the

Dr. Portnoy is at the Department of Occupational Therapy at the School of Health Professions. Dr. Portnoy received her B.Sc. in Electronic Engineering at Tel Aviv University and her M.Sc. and Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering at the Musculoskeletal Biomechanics Laboratory at Tel Aviv University. She was the scientific director of the Gait and Motion Laboratory at the Hadassah Medical Center in lerusalem.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~portnoys/

developed tools are software that evaluates cognitive function. validated, published and to date, downloaded by more than 250 users worldwide, а software that and automatically fits the dimensions of virtual model of orthoses for 3D according printing, to simple limb measurements performed by the clinician.



Dr. Angela Ruban



Spinal cord injury

Spinal cord injury causes permanent changes strength, sensation and motor functions. Hope of recuperation is slim none. Primary mechanical damage to spinal cord tissue kills а certain number of neuronal cells. But there is a secondary damage due to the release of excess glutamate, which is responsible for an additional functional disability. Our main idea is to reduce the secondary damage as soon as possible — to block the body's reaction to the spinal cord trauma. Our study finds the new intravenous injection of a potent enzyme, just hours

Dr. Ruban, at the Department of Nursing in the School of Health Professions, received a PhD in Clinical Pharmacology from the Ben Gurion University. She was a postdoctoral scholar at the Department of Neurobiology at Weizmann Institute of Science. During this period, she and Prof. Teichberg developed a novel Blood Glutamate Scavenging (BGS) technology for the treatment of malignant and neurodegenerative disorders. Dr. Ruban A. is a faculty member at the Health Profession School, Faculty of Medicine, Tel Aviv University. Her lab research has focused on evaluating the therapeutic potential of the treatment in the neurotrauma, neurodegenerative and malignant diseases.

https://www.angelarubanlab.com/

after the accident, has the diminish potential to cascade of pathological responsible events neuronal death, such as inflammation and scarring. It will be the first emergency treatment for neurotrauma in the world. We suggest administering injection the bν paramedics even in cases diagnosis. uncertain There's no side effect, but mitigate might just secondary damage and dramatically improve the quality of a person's life.

Dr. Moran Rubinstein



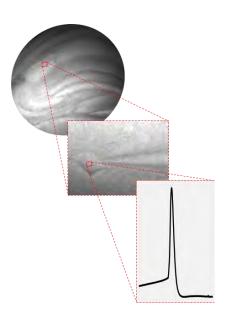
Neurodevelopmental disorders

Neurodevelopmental disorders, which include cognitive impairment. epilepsy severe and autistic features, are the leading cause of morbidity in children. While recent genetic studies, exposing involvement specific of genes in the etiology of disorders. these have contributed the to tremendous advancement in the studies of these disorders, our understanding of the pathophysiological pathways leading from a

Dr. Rubinstein, head of the Goldschleger Eye Research Institute and member of the Department of Human Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine of Tel Aviv University, completed her Ph.D. studies at Tel Aviv University and her postdoctoral training at the University of Washington. She serves on the scientific committee of the Israeli Society for Physiology and Pharmacology, the editorial board of the Journal of Molecular Neuroscience and as guest editor for Frontiers in Pharmacology.

https://moranrub.wixsite.com/rubinsteinlab

genetic mutation to abnormal brain function is limited. In order to bridge this gap, the lab of Dr. Rubinstein uses unique mouse models, which are a precise mimic of the disorder. human By combining genetic, electrophysiological and approaches, behavioral her goal is to elucidate the neurobiological basis these disorders and unveil novel diagnostic therapeutic approaches.



Prof. Inna Slutsky



Plasticity and memory in Alzheimer's disease

Prof. Slutsky's research is focused on understanding the basic mechanisms that maintain synaptic plasticity and memory function and initiate memory dysfunction in Alzheimer's disease (AD). Using highresolution optical imaging, electrophysiology and molecular biology, Slutsky's team focuses on identifying the mechanisms that initiate synaptic and cognitive impairments in common, late-onset AD. Dr. Slutsky and her team discovered

Prof. Slutsky is at the Department of Physiology and Pharmacology and the Sagol School of Neuroscience at Tel Aviv University. Dr. Slutsky completed her PhD at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and post-doctoratal studies at MIT. She is a member of the American Federation for Aging Research (AFAR) National Scientific Advisory Council, editorial member of eLife and Scientific Reports journals, and scientific committee member of the Israel Society of Neuroscience. Dr. Slutsky is a recipient of the MetLife Foundation Prize in Alzheimer's research, Bernard Katz Prize in Neuroscience, the New Investigator Award in Alzheimer's Disease from American Federation for Ageing Research, the Sieratzki Prize and the ERC Starting and Consolidator Awards.

https://www.slutskylab.com/

how neuronal activity and experience sensorv regulate molecular composition of amyloidbeta, the physiological role of amyloid-beta, the role of magnesium ion cognitive enhancement and the molecular mechanism triggering synaptic hyperactivity the earliest AD stages.

Dr. Ido Tavor



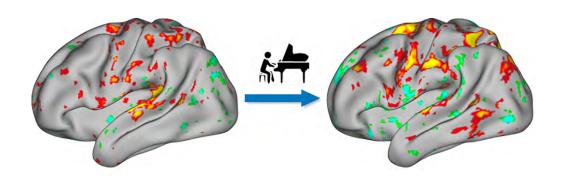
Brain structure, function and human behavior

What makes us different? While doing the exact different same thing, individuals present different patterns of brain activity. Dr. Tavor studies what underlies behavioral and functional differences between individuals using Resonance Magnetic (MRI). **Imaging** Specifically, he uses advanced imaging

Dr. Tavor, from the Department of Anatomy and Anthropology at the School of Medicine and the Sagol School of Neuroscience, completed his PhD at Tel Aviv University. He then proceeded to a postdoctoral training at the University of Oxford where he specialized on advanced imaging techniques. He holds an inter-disciplinary lab, combining computational, statistical and cognitive neuroscience methods to study the human brain and behavior.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~idotavor/

techniques examine to how modifications in brain connectivity and microstructure affects brain function and human behavior, both in healthy clinical populations. and By better understanding the relations between function brain and structure, new insights on human behavior may be gained.



Public Health

Public health laboratories at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine are responsible for providing timely and reliable results, primarily for the purpose of disease control and prevention, as well as improving quality of life across range of population.

health Our public researchers conduct interdisciplinary studies. incorporating behavioral health, health. mental health education. occupational safety, disability, gender issues in reproductive health, epidemiology, and disease prevention.

Programs

Summer Institute of Advanced Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine, in collaboration with Johns Hopkins University Bloomberg School of Public Health

https://en-med.tau.ac.il/School-of-Public-Health/Summer-Institute

Emergency & Disaster Management Program

https://emergexint.tau.ac.il/

The School of Public Health has been at the forefront of efforts to benefit the health of populations worldwide, including the current COVID-19 pandemic.



Dr. Anat Amit-Aharon



Culture and decisions affecting health

How does culture influence health? What is mutual relationship between culture and health? How does cultural diversity generate health differences and disparities and what is the association with health education and promotion? Dr. Amit-Aharon explores complex issues these variety among а communities. including secular and orthodox

Dr. Amit-Aharon is at the Department of Nursing, School of Health Professions, and is a registered nurse and holds a Master's degree in health administration from Tel Aviv University and a Ph.D. in public health from Haifa University. Dr. Amit-Aharon serves as the head of the PISGAH program for premilitary nursing students. She was one of the first researchers in Israel to examine parental noncompliance to childhood vaccines during her service as a head nurse in the Department of Public Health at the Tel Aviv-Yafo municipality. Her doctoral dissertation dealt with parental compliance of vaccinations and their feelings of control over health factors.

Jews, Arabs, and asylum Aviv. seekers in Tel Understanding the associations between culture and health may lead to implementation of tailored programs to individual needs in different communities and reduce hence. health inequity.

Prof. Dani Cohen



Epidemiology of infectious diseases and vaccinology

Prof. Cohen's research contributed the has to development of Shigella conjugate vaccines, which are currently the leading Shigella vaccine candidates. Prof. Cohen studies the immune response following natural Shigella exposure to species or vaccination with Shigella candidate vaccines. His group has developed immunological protection correlates of against shigellosis and are currently quantifying them observational in and vaccine studies facilitated competitive grants, by including support from the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation.

Prof. Cohen, PhD, MPH, is at the Department of Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine in the School of Public Health, former head of the School of Public Health (TAU SPH) and the Chair of the Middle East Consortium for Infectious Diseases Surveillance (MECIDS). Prof. Cohen has served for many years on the National Advisory Committee on Vaccines and Infectious Diseases and is currently a member of working groups on the COVID-19 immunization program in Israel. Prof. Cohen is an appointed member of the WHO COVID-19 working group for selection of candidate vaccines for the WHO solidarity vaccine trial. He received several awards for outstanding contributions to research.

https://en-med.tau.ac.il/profile/dancohen

A longstanding expertise 'developed by Prof. Cohen and his group in Israel in different populations at risk for diarrheal diseases and shigellosis are currently studies applied in young children in low- and middle- income countries affected severely bν shigellosis. Prof. Cohen is involved in the preclinical development of conjugate vaccine against brucellosis and in the performance of seroepidemiological studies of selected vaccine preventable diseases.

Prof. Jiska Cohen-Mansfield



Mental heath in aging

Prof. Cohen-Mansfield's focus research is mental health promotion in the older population, with emphasis an on preventing or ameliorating loneliness in old age, and the quality of improving the lived experience of with dementia persons and those who are at the end of life. About forty communitypercent of dwelling older persons loneliness. experience associated with increased mortality morbidity, and dementia. Her team has used a model of factors she developed to develop and test an intervention to decrease Ioneliness among community dwelling older persons.

Prof. Cohen-Mansfield is in the Department of Health Promotion in the School of Public Health. She holds the Igor Orenstein Chair for the Study of Geriatrics. Cohen-Mansfield studied statistics and psychology at the Hebrew University and clinical psychology at State University of New York at Stony Brook, followed by a post-doc at New York University Medical Center Institute of Rehabilitation Medicine. She was awarded a Distinguished Scientist Award by the American Association of Geriatric Psychiatry, and ranked 12th in the world in the field of Geriatrics according to a study by Stanford University in 2020. Prof. Cohen-Mansfield is the Director of the Minerva Center for Interdisciplinary Study of End of Life.

To reduce such experiences, she has has studied group activities for with dementia persons and are now conducting a trial of activity kits developed team for recreational activity workers, with the goal of enabling them to provide more social and stimulating activities for with older persons dementia. With regards to end of life. Cohen-Mansfield has developed to improve app communication between staff who care for persons at the end of their lives and family members.

Dr. Yftach Gepner



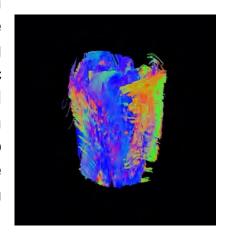
Impact of exercise training

Regular physical activity is one of the most important things you can do for your health, and has long been touted as a strategy for weight loss. However, only 20% meeting the physical guidelines activity over 90% of the people who lose weight will gain it all back. Dr. Yftach Gepner focuses research understanding the impact of exercise training, combined with dietary strategies, muscle on damage and mass. metabolism and performance across a range of populations. Dr.

Dr. Gepner, School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, completed his Ph.D. at Ben-Gurion University on the role of lifestyle intervention on various body fat depots. He then continued his training in the Department of Sport and Exercise at University of Central Florida, to better understand the field of exercise physiology in both applied and basic in nature. Gepner has been awarded the 2020 Neufeld Memorial Research Grant, which will run concurrently with his BSF and other grants.

https://www.gepnerlab.com/

Gepner are using cuttingedge technologies, including magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) muscle for assessing adipose and damage tissue distribution, doubly labeled water to assess energy expenditure and labeled amino acid to determine protein synthesis by muscle biopsy. By combining applied and mechanistic metabolism and physiology adaptation studies, his goal is to elucidate the unique beneficial effect from physical activity.



Prof. Yariv Gerber



Cardiovascular disease epidemiology

Prof. Gerber studies risk factors for and time trends in various vascular diseases across different populations and settings, with the goal of improving public health and training future leaders epidemiologic research. Much of his work has centered factors on affecting prognosis and well-being of patients suffering acute an infarction myocardial ("heart attack" or MI). His team investigated a large cohort of Israeli patients aged ≤65, longitudinally, hospitalized for a first MI.

Prof. Gerber, School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, completed his direct track Ph.D. at Tel Aviv University. He then continued his training in the Division of Cardiovascular Diseases, Mayo Clinic College of Medicine, Rochester, Minnesota, in cardiovascular disease epidemiology. He is head of the School of Public Health, Director of the Stanley Steyer Institute for Cancer Epidemiology and Research and holds the Lilian & Marcel Pollak Chair in Biological Anthropology. He is an Adjunct Professor of Epidemiology at Mayo Clinic College of Medicine.

They assessed the clinical course, risk factor control and adjustments among these patients over decades of follow-up. They have looked at individual and area-based risk factors while applying advanced epidemiologic methods statistical and modeling. The ultimate goal of Prof. Gerber's work is to reduce the massive burden of vascular disease through advancing the scientific for basis appropriate public health interventions.

Dr. Israel Halperin



Personalized exercise prescription models

Exercise is medicine, yet few get the recommended dose. One reason for this is that exercise prescription models tend be complicated and leading to low generic, participation and adherence rates. Accordingly, Dr. Halperin studies personalized exercise prescription models that emphasize individual abilities and Specifically, preferences. he investigates the effects of providing trainees with choices regarding the

Dr. Halperin, School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, completed his PhD studies at Edith-Cowan University in collaboration with the Australian Institute of Sport. He studied the effects of augmented feedback on physical performance. He then completed his post-doctoral training at Memorial University of Newfoundland, focusing on ways to optimize exercise training programs. Halperin is a member of the Sylvan Adams Sport Institute.

https://www.halperin-lab.com/

structure of the training sessions (e.g., selecting the number of repetitions) and if trainees can effectively regulate the intensity of exercise based subjective their on experiences (e.g., perception of effort). His team's goal is to develop simple and personalized exercise prescription models that will increase participation and adherence rates, and lead better health. to psychological well-being, and physical performance.

Dr. Yael Lahav



Trauma and abuse

Dr. Lahav investigates the implications psychological trauma, and focuses on uncovering the mechanisms underlying post-traumatic distress following interpersonal and ongoing traumatic events, such as was captivity, domestic violence, as well as sexual, physical, and emotional abuse during childhood. Her interests revolve primarily, around the unique associations between the

Dr. Lahav is a new faculty member in the Department of Occupational Therapy at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine. Dr. Lahav is a licensed clinical psychologist. She completed her PhD studies at Tel Aviv University, where she studied the longitudinal associations between attachment and perceived health among former-prisoners-of-war of the 1973 Yom Kippur War. She was a post-doctoral fellow at the University of Southern Denmark, where she studied the link between attachment and dissociation during treatment among childhood sexual abuse survivors and at Stanford University, as a Fulbright grantee, where she studied posttraumatic growth, as well as the phenomenon of identification with the aggressor among childhood sexual abuse survivors.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~yaellah I/

psychological, interpersonal, somatic, physiological, and functional facets of psychological trauma; as well as the interpersonal processes involved in the victim-perpetrator dynamics. known as identification with the aggressor.

Prof. Liat Lerner-Geva



Reproduction and infertility

Israel has a world-wide unique epidemiology and public health policy regarding reproduction in general and infertility treatments in particular. Prof. Lerner-Geva are taking scientific. а evidence based approach to evaluate these topics, including investigation of predicts factors that successful reproduction

Prof. Lerner is at the School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine, and Chair of the Department of Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine. She is a board-certified physician in Epidemiology and Public Health with special emphasis on reproductive epidemiology. She is the director of the Women and Children's Health Research Unit at the Gertner Institute for Epidemiology and Health Policy Research (Ltd) and the founder and director of the National Registry for in vitro fertilization treatment cycles in Israel.

and having healthy babies. She is carefully assessing on a national basis the short and long-term outcomes adverse of infertility treatments. These insights will lead to the development of safer and better procedures that are of great interest in the national, as well as the international arena.

Dr. Uri Obolski



Infections diseases and the environment

Dr. Obolski is interested in infectious diseases their interactions with the environment. Specifically, his group analyses the dynamics of mosquitodiseases with borne respect to climate, and patterns of antibiotic resistance and their relation to antibiotic usage. They develop and apply mathematical models as well as machine learning and advanced statistical techniques to electronic medical records and other disease-related data. For

Dr. Obolski holds a dual appointment at the School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine and the Porter School of the Environment and Earth Sciences, Faculty of Exact Sciences. He obtained a BSc in mathematics, and an MSc and PhD in computational biology from Tel Aviv University. He conducted his postdoctoral research at the University of Oxford as an EMBO Research Fellow.

example, they analysed the relationship between the incidence of dengue virus in Brazil West Nile Virus and in Israel to weather; and they predicted antibiotic resistance patterns of hospitalized patients' infections using machine learning. Dr. Obolski's major aim is to understand and predict the dynamics of infectious diseases to successfully mitigate their future emergence and spread.



Prof. Chava Peretz



Neuro-epidemiology and environmental epidemiology

Aiming to enhance knowledge on the elusive etiology and treatment of neuro-generative Prof. Peretz diseases. studies the epidemiology of diseases of the brain. She does with SO multidisciplinary team. risk studying factors. markers anemia), (e.g. prognosis and pharmacoepidemiology Parkinson's disease. She applies Big also Datadriven studies based on of Maccabi databases Services. Healthcare the area of environmental epidemiology, environmental hazards and public health, she

Prof. Peretz is at the Department of Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine at the School of Public Health, Sackler Faculty of Medicine. She obtained a BSc in mathematics and statistics from Tel Aviv University, a PhD degree from Utrecht University, the Netherlands in occupational and environmental epidemiology, and post-doctoral training at the University of Washington University, Seattle, USA. She is a consultant on matters regarding air pollution/climate and health to the Israeli Ministry of Environment and the Ministry of Health. She is a member of the editorial boards of the Ecology and Environment and Neuroepidemiology. Peretz is a member of the International Society of Environmental Epidemiology (ISEE)

uses advanced statistical modelling to study the spatio-temporal distribution of diseases or mortality, and the association with climate conditions and pollution. The results are important for public health considerations and health system preparedness for temperature increases as a result of climate change and for the clean ambient air act. Most recently, to evaluate the global burden of the pandemic in Israel, has established Peretz COVID-19 related studies. accounting climate for conditions.

Prof. Leah Rosen



Tobacco reduction

Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in the world today, million with 8 annual deaths, and a predicted 1 billion deaths in this century. About a million of the annual deaths are due exposure to to other smoking. people's Prof. Rosen's primary area of research is promoting public health through reduction in tobacco use and exposure. **Topics** include prevention of child exposure to tobacco smoke, smoking cessation initiation. public and attitudes regarding tobacco policy, and public understanding of the role of nicotine and harm reduction. At the

Prof. Rosen is at the Department of Health Promotion at the School of Public Health, Faculty of medicine. She performed her B.Sc. at Rutgers University in mathematics, her M.Sc. At Harvard School of Public Health in biostatistics, and her Ph.D. at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem Braun School of Public Health. Rosen initiated and teaches Israel's only academic course on tobacco control, and is on various national and international health advisory committees.

intersection evidence of and policy, Rosen contributes to the science base for healthy public policy; her work has been quoted widely in the press, used in policy-making by health bodies and in the Knesset, and submitted to the Supreme Court. Most of Rosen's original research is conducted in often Israel. with ramifications for those in other countries. Rosen's proposal to include tobacco package inserts in all tobacco products, as a means of messaging smokers about risks and ways to quit smoking at low cost to the very government, was passed into law by the Knesset.



The Stanley Steyer School of Health Professions

Four clinical fields of study and research

- Communication Disorders
- Nursing
- Occupational Therapy
- Physical Therapy

Our major goal: to improve the health and wellbeing of our population.

https://en-med.tau.ac.il/Steyer-School-Main



Dr. Michal Avrech Bar



Occupational science

Dr. Avrech Bar's primary of research area occupational science. a scientific discipline that is defined as the systematic study of the human as an occupational being. It is the basic science that supports the practice of occupational therapy. As an occupational scientist she studies the relationship between engagement health, and occupations, wellbeing. The goal of her research is to clarify the

Dr. Avrech Bar is at the Department of Occupational Therapy at the School of Health Professions. She received her PhD from Tel Aviv University, followed by a postdoctoral fellowship at the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, Canada. She joined the Occupational Science Europe (OSE) - Research Committee as Israel's representative. The committee is responsible for developing the research agenda for Occupational Science Europe.

nature of these relationships and to provide empirical evidence to support them, especially among women in relation to their role as mothers. In her research she employs advanced qualitative and quantitative methods with healthy women, women in their role as caregivers to their children or spouse women diagnosed and with illness or having a disability.

Prof. Ruth Defrin



Pain

A traumatic spinal cord provoke injury may debilitating, lifelong pain in people, whereas some other people may remain pain free thereafter. Similarly, some people posttraumatic develop disorder stress in the aftermath traumatic of which stress, is often accompanied by chronic pain and alterations in pain modulation, whereas other people are resilient to such stress. By applying multidisciplinary а approach using advanced psychophysical and

Prof. Ruth Defrin is at the Department of Physical Therapy in the School of Health Professions. She completed a Bachelors degree in Physical Therapy, MSc and PhD in Physiology and Pharmacology at Tel Aviv University and post-doctoral training in pain imaging at the University of Toronto, Canada. Prof. Defrin established the Pain Laboratory, which includes branches in several departments of affiliated hospitals. Prof. Defrin has founded and co-directs the Biomed@TAU Pain Research Hub and is the research chair of the Israeli Pain Association. Prof. Defrin has won several awards, including from the Israeli Pain Association for outstanding contribution in the promotion of national and international pain research.

imaging methods. Prof. Defrin aims to uncover the mechanisms leading these seemingly opposite effects of physical and traumatic stress, and the biomarkers that enable prediction. their Early detection of vulnerability would enable preemptive management, which may mitigate or prevent the hazardous consequences pathological of such conditions.

Dr. Jason Friedman



Motor learning

day-to-day life, we perform an enormous of variety movements, usually with little thought. However, we know that planning and executing these movements is in reality very complicated. Dr. Friedman seeks to enhance our understanding of how we produce movements, with a focus on how we can speed up the process of motor learning. He tests applications of the

Dr. Jason Friedman is in the Department of Physical Therapy, where he is a principal investigator and codirector of the Movement Sciences lab. Originally from Australia, Dr. Friedman completed his undergraduate studies at Monash University in Australia, followed by an M.Sc. and Ph.D. at the Weizmann Institute of Science, all in the field of Computer Science. He also performed postdoctoral research in the Department of Kinesiology at Penn State University in the US, and in the Department of Cognitive Science at Macquarie University in Australia. He takes advantage of his multidisciplinary background to find new ways of looking at problems related to human motor control.

techniques developed in the lab different on populations. including children as they develop, and individuals with motor disorders such as Parkinson's disease and cerebral palsy, with a goal of improving rehabilitation and other motor learning processes.

Prof. Debbie Rand



Gaming for rehabilitation

Prof. Rand's research aims to achieve a better understanding the of hindering factors and facilitating the recovery of individuals post stroke and specifically the use of their affected upper extremity. Her studies are clinical, aiming to research the factors related the to limited recovery of the affected upper extremity. developed She has interventions (utilizing gaming technologies)

Prof. Rand is at the Department of Occupational Therapy at the School of Health Professions, and affiliated with the Sagol School of Neuroscience. She completed her PhD at Haifa University and her postdoctoral training at the University of British Columbia, Canada. She presented her research at international conferences in the field of rehabilitation, gerontology and advanced technologies.

https://www.tau.ac.il/~drand/

aimed to improve upper extremity affected as well as assessment and treatment of the cognitive deficits of these individuals. Recently, Rand has expanded her research to the growing population of (healthy) older adults. She investigates physical and social frailty as well as cognitive decline, aiming to determine ways promote successful aging.

Prof. Navah Ratzon



Occupational rehabilitation

Ratzon's research areas focus on ergonomics. rehabilitation. vocational and driving rehabilitation. Her research in the field of focuses ergonomics on workers risk at of developing skeletal muscle problems. Her studies highlight multiple populations, such as professional musicians. people who work long hours on the computer, and "blue-collar" workers. her In research on occupational rehabilitation, Ratzon focuses on raising awareness of professional

Prof. Ratzon, PhD, is at the Department of Occupational Therapy, and is Head of the School of Health Professions. Among her other achievements, Ratzon chaired the Council for the Advancement of Women in Science and Technology at the Ministry of Science and Technology from 2016-2020. She is a member of the Advisory Council to the Minister of Health on the subject of rehabilitation and of the Advisory Committee to the Minister of Health and the Minister of Labor and Welfare on the subject of employee health. Prof. Ratzon is a social activist, engaged in developing community intervention programs and research among communities in need, such as children of immigrants from Ethiopia, children of foreign workers, and students with disabilities.

risks and treatments among those recovering from cancer, people after hand injuries, and more. As a researcher in the field rehabilitation, driving Ratzon examines ways to assess driving ability and interventions to reduce the driving risks in professional drivers. adolescents with ADHD, people with schizophrenia, and people after a stroke.

Dr. Osnat Segal



The journey of early language acquisition

of

One

the most interesting questions in the of language acquisition is how newborn becomes а speaker of its native language within the first years three of life. Understanding early language-learning processes, from infancy, is highly important in order insight on the to: gain typical and atypical language of courses acquisition, identify developmental difficulties as early as possible, and assess the influence of interaction, exposure and use of language on the language processes of learning. My goal as a researcher and

Osnat Segal, PhD, is at the Department of Communication Disorders, School of Health Professions. Dr. Segal earned her BA, MA and PhD in Communication Disorders at Tel Aviv University. Her doctoral studies focused on speech perception and language acquisition in infants. During her PhD she established the first dedicated laboratory in Israel for assessing processes in speech perception and language acquisition in infants. Her post-doctoral studies focused on recognition of morphological patterns by infants learning Hebrew, and took place at Tel Aviv University and at the Department of Language and Linguistics Science, University of York. She is the Chair of the Israeli Speech Hearing and Language Association (ISHLA), and an executive board member of the International Association of Logopedics and Phoniatrics (IALP).

communication disorders clinician is to study the aforementioned processes of early language development in typically developing infants as a understanding basis for these processes in special populations including children with hearing loss, children with autism spectrum disorder (ASD), children with developmental language disorder (DLD), children with childhood apraxia of (CAS), speech and children from low socioeconomic status (LSES).

Dr. Sigalit Warshawski



Nursing education and advanced technologies

education Nursing has undergone significant changes training in its programs for several decades with the purpose of ensuring quality care adjusting and to organizational and technological changes in healthcare systems. employ both quantitative and qualitative methods to explore nurse and nursing students' role as leading the therapeutic process. As such, examining their training and skills during their studies is crucial.

Dr. Warshawski, at the Department of Nursing, School of Health Professions, serves as the Head of the Baccalaureate Nursing program. She is a registered nurse and holds a post-basic professional license as a Pediatric and Preterm Intensive Care Nurse. Dr. Warshawski received her Master's degree in Nursing from Tel Aviv University and a Ph.D. in Health Sociology from Ben-Gurion University. Her doctorate was one of the first in Israel that focused on Interprofessional collaboration between healthcare teams in hospitals.

Understanding students' needs and competencies accompanied by the integration of novel teaching methods mav improve students' learning experience, confidence professional and skills. These may bring about improved treatment outcomes. Dr. Warshawski is part of research project at the School of Health Professions that exploring interprofessional attitudes among health profession students in Israel.

Dr. Yael Zaltz



Auditory training to improve speech perception

Can we improve speechin-noise perception behavioral auditory training? What is the best way to do so? Will the improvement last? Dr. Zaltz examines the possibility to enhance the underlying psychoacoustic, linguistic, and cognitive mechanisms for speech perception in degraded listening conditions in normal and pathological populations via auditory training. She explores the behavioral effects of auditory training, including the time course of learning, magnitude of improvements,

Dr. Zaltz is at the Department of Communication Disorders, School of Health Professions. Her PhD was conducted at the Department of Communications Disorders at Tel Aviv University. Her postdoctoral training on the psychoacoustic cues for voice discrimination in hearing impaired individuals with cochlear implants, as compared to individuals with normal hearing, was conducted at the University of Southern California (USC). Her research work in the areas of auditory skill learning, voice discrimination and speech perception in normal and pathological populations has been presented at leading international and national professional conferences. Dr. Zaltz is also an audiologist and a speech therapist.

generalization, susceptibility to interferences, and longretention the term of learning-gains. She is also in the process of establishing а neuroimaging lab that will be the first in Israel to use functional Near Infrared Spectroscopy (fNIRS) data to gain insight on the neural mechanisms that modifications undergo following auditory training in cochlear implant users individuals with and in normal hearing.

Training opportunities

The School of Graduate Studies at the Sackler Faculty of Medicine strives for excellence in research and serves as a training platform for Master's programs — M.Sc., M.P.H., M.Occ.H., M.A. - and Doctor of Philosophy - Ph.D. - in diverse biomedical fields. The school is the largest graduate school at Tel Aviv University, with 1050 students, including 430 Ph.D. students, and 580 Masters' students.

The Faculty of Medicine's M.Sc. and Ph.D. thesis projects offers financial support to undertake research in our laboratories. **Tuition and stipend scholarships** are available to qualified students, providing a tuition-free degree and living stipend.

We welcome **students from abroad**, with opportunities for courses in English. While our official spoken language is Hebrew, all laboratory members speak English, providing an international environment.

See the next pages for testimonials from our graduate students.



Prof. Drorit Neumann, Head of the Graduate School



Dr. Chen Luxenburg, Academic Coordinator, International Graduate Program

A view from our students

Fatima Amer-Sarsour

PhD student, Dr. Avraham Ashkenazi laboratory

"I joined the Ashkenazi lab in Sackler Faculty of Medicine in February 2019. My PhD project focuses on the investigation of protein degradation pathways in disease models central congenital hypoventilation syndrome. The Faculty of Medicine exposes me to a variety of opportunities in different fields. Beyond different methods and collaborations. the human capital here is special and diverse. I gained a lot from it by developing valuable research skills and tools I will use in the future."

Photo: Members of the Ashkenazi lab – from left, Prof. Avraham Ashkenazi, Fatima Amer-Sarsour, Margarita Galves, Dr. Yevgeny Berdichevsky.

"Our Faculty of Medicine at Tel Aviv University, with its affiliated hospitals, is a leading center of research into the genetics, diagnosis and treatment of human diseases. It provides a unique interface between basic and clinical science that underpins its high-level objective of understanding the biology of disease. Therefore, this is an ideal place for me to develop my scientific career towards independence. My lab is like one big family, where we are all very much involved and united. We initiate meetings to celebrate personal events and celebrate the holidays of all lab members as we come from different nationalities. One of the most memorable experiences for me is that my supervisor, Dr. Avi Ashkenazi, sent me to a conference in Portugal. This was my first experience at an international conference abroad."



A view from our students

Gideon Karmon MD-PhD student, Prof. Illana Gozes laboratory

"My research focuses on autism spectrum disorder. Specifically, on a rare monogenic cause of ASD caused by a mutation in the ADNP Although gene. rare, researching a for monogenic cause ASD may help elucidate key in disease features in ASD which may help alleviate the burden of this debilitating disease. I am also focus on testing potential drug а candidate on a novel mutant mouse model. making my research highly translational."

Photo: Members of the Gozes lab – from left, front: Gal Hacohen-Kleiman, Dr. Eli Giladi, Prof. Illana Gozes, Dr. Adva Hadar, Dr. Yanina Ivashko-Pachima, Oxana Kapitansky, Yael Toren; left, back: Shlomo Sragovich, Gidon Karmon.

"The faculty has a very diverse milieu of researchers from all fields, making collaboration easy and accessible. Many of them are highly translational, which is important to me as an MD-PhD student. The high translational potential of most of the research conducted at the Faculty of Medicine was extremely important to me as an MD PhD student. My PhD studies will help me become a better physician, taking tools and understanding from the laboratory bench to the patient setting. The tools I acquired during my PhD will assist me in becoming a better physician researcher, with the ultimate goal of taking bedside problems and applying them to further research toward novel diagnostics and therapeutics. The Sackler School of Medicine is (in my opinion) the best medical school in Israel, and I joined one of the best laboratories in the school for my PhD studies, this was and still is an excellent experience."



Sackler Faculty of Medicine

Life in Tel Aviv

The city of Tel Aviv-Jaffa is a bustling, energetic and dynamic one, with opportunities for sun, exercise, food and socializing like no other place.









Source: Unsplash

For more information, please visit https://en-med.tau.ac.il/

