Radiological and Biological Assessment of Immediately Restored Anterior Maxillary ImplantsCombine d with GBR and Free Connective Tissue Graft.

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OBJECTIVES:

Radiologic and biologic assessment of immediately restored Implants combined with guided bone regeneration (GBR) and free connective tissue graft.

METHODS:

1-4 year retrospective study involving 34 patients treated with maxillary immediately restored anterior single-implants. Soft tissuedimensions, radiographic bone loss, and biological and prosthetic complications were assessed.

RESULTS:

During the mean follow up period of 29 months the study group presented a mean mesial bone loss of 1.10 ± 0.39 mm (range: 0.5-2.4 mm), and mean distal bone loss of 1.19 ± 0.41 mm (range: 0.4-2.1 mm). Mean periimplant probing depth of 3.49 mm (SD ± 1.06) and 2.35 (SD ± 0.52) for the contralateral tooth (highly significant p < 0.001). Bleeding on probing was present in 29.4% of the examined implant supported crown sites and 10.4% of the contralateral teeth (p < 0.001).

CONCLUSIONS:

Anterior maxillary single-tooth replacement,

using GBR and connective tissue graft according to the concept of immediate implant placement, and non-functional restoration is an accepted treatment modality achieving favorable peri-implant soft tissue condition.

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KEYWORDS:

biologic complications; connective tissue; immediate loading; radiographic data; single-tooth implants

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